

# MANONMANIAM SUNDARANAR UNIVERSITY

# TIRUNELVELI – 12

# MASTERS DEGREE OF SCIENCE (CBCS WITH LOCF)

# SYLLABUS FOR M.Sc., ELECTRONICS AND COMMUNICATION (SEMESTER PATTERN)

(As a student who joined recently a college affiliated with MSU from 2024 - 2025 onwards)

# TAMILNADU STATE COUNCIL FOR HIGHER EDUCATION,

**CHENNAI - 600 005** 

#### 2

# M.Sc., ELECTRONICS AND COMMUNICATION

#### **Objectives:**

The course content, and assessment for postgraduate (PG) degree in Electronics and Communication should be designed to develop research-oriented technocrats and entrepreneurs. The syllabus for M.Sc. Electronics and Communication programme should include a wide range of topics to suit industry and research expectations. This will help the PG students in their development as research scholars and engineers. It is important to stay up-to-date with current developments in the subject, and we believe that this program will provide the necessary skills and knowledge for success in this field.

Medium of instruction: Medium of instruction and examination shall be in ENGLISH.

**Durations of the course:** Two Years divided into **Four semesters**. Each semester willbe of 90 working days.

**SCHEME OF EXAMINATIONS:** As per the CBCS pattern with SE (Secured External) examinations score and IA (Internal Assessment) score

<b>Theory Paper</b>	<b>Internal Mark</b>	<b>Distribution:</b>
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Cycle Test and Model Exam	: 15 marks
Assignment	: 5 marks
Seminar	: 5 marks

Marks For External: (Max. Marks:75, Passing minimum:38, Time:3 Hours)
 Part A (10 x 1=10 marks), Answer All questions, Two questions from each unit
 Part B (5 x 5=25 marks), Answer All questions, One question from each unit with internal Choice
 Part C (5x8=40 marks), Answer All questions, One question from each unit with internal Choice

Practical's: TIME: 3 Hours, Maximum Marks:50(External) and 50(Internal)

Marks will be calculated by laboratory performance, attendance, record note book maintenance, model practical examination performance and Viva-voce exam.

- Internship / Fieldwork: (Maximum Marks): IA:50 marks and SE:50 marks
- Project Work: (Maximum Marks): IA:100 marks and SE:100 marks

Sl. No.	Subject code	Subject Status	Subject Title	Hrs /Wk	Credit	Exam Hrs	Internal	External	Total
	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9
			SEMESTER-1						
1.		Core Theory–1	Analog and Digital System Design	6	5	3	25	75	100
2.		Core Theory–2	Advanced Microprocessors	6	5	3	25	75	100
3.		Core Theory-3 (Any one)	A. Mathematical Methods and Network Analysis / B. Computer Networks	6	5	3	25	75	100
4.		Elective-1 (Any one)	<ul> <li>A. Electronic Properties of Materials /</li> <li>B. Biomedical Instrumentation</li> <li>C. Automotive Electronics</li> </ul>	4	3	3	25	75	100
5.		Core Practical -1	Analog Electronic Design Lab	4	2	3	50	50	100
6.		Core Practical -2	Digital Electronic Design Lab	4	2	3	50	50	100
			4 1	30	22				600
		Subto	tai	30	<u> </u>				000
		Subto		30	22				000
		Subto	SEMESTER –II	30	22				000
7.		CoreTheory-4	SEMESTER –II Digital Communication System	6	5	3	25	75	100
7.		CoreTheory-4 CoreTheory-5	SEMESTER –II Digital Communication		5	3	25	75	100
		CoreTheory-4 CoreTheory-5	SEMESTER –II Digital Communication System Microcontrollers, Embedded System And	6	5				100
8.		CoreTheory-4 CoreTheory-5 Core-6 (Any one) Elective -2 (Any one)	SEMESTER –II Digital Communication System Microcontrollers, Embedded System And IOT applications A. Optoelectronics and Optical Fiber Communication / B. Solar Energy Systems A. Electromagnetics, Microwave and Antenna / B. Artificial Intelligence	6	5	3	25	75	100
8. 9.		CoreTheory-4 CoreTheory-5 Core-6 (Any one) Elective -2 (Any one) Core	SEMESTER –II Digital Communication System Microcontrollers, Embedded System And IOT applications A. Optoelectronics and Optical Fiber Communication / B. Solar Energy Systems A. Electromagnetics, Microwave and Antenna /	6 6 6	5	3	25 25	75	100 100 100
8. 9. 10.		CoreTheory-4 CoreTheory-5 Core-6 (Any one) Elective -2 (Any one) Core Practical- 3 Core	SEMESTER –II Digital Communication System Microcontrollers, Embedded System And IOT applications A. Optoelectronics and Optical Fiber Communication / B. Solar Energy Systems A. Electromagnetics, Microwave and Antenna / B. Artificial Intelligence Using Machine Learning	6 6 6 4	5 5 3	3	25 25 25	75 75 75	100 100 100 100
8. 9. 10.		CoreTheory-4 CoreTheory-5 Core-6 (Any one) Elective -2 (Any one) Core Practical-3 Core Practical-4	SEMESTER –II Digital Communication System Microcontrollers, Embedded System And IOT applications A. Optoelectronics and Optical Fiber Communication / B. Solar Energy Systems A. Electromagnetics, Microwave and Antenna / B. Artificial Intelligence Using Machine Learning Microcontroller's Lab Embedded System Design	6 6 4 3	5 5 5 3 2	3 3 3 3	25 25 25 50	75 75 75 50	100 100 100

			SEMESTER –III						
14	Core Th	eory-7	Advanced Power Electronics and Virtual Instrumentation	6	5	3	25	75	100
15	Core Th		bile, Optical and DataCommunication stems	6	5	3	25	75	100
16	Core -9 (	(Any one)	<ul><li>A. Research Methodology</li><li>B. Smart manufacturing</li></ul>	6	5	3	25	75	100
17	Elective one) - In Module	•	<ul><li>A. Digital Signal andImage Processing /</li><li>B. Industrial Automation</li></ul>	6	5	3	25	75	100
18.	Core-10 5	) Practical-	Advanced Communication Lab	2	1	3	50	50	100
19.			DSP MAT Lab and LAB VIEW Instrumentation Lab	2	1	3	50	50	100
20.	Skill En course (S		Robotics and Automation	2	2	3	25	75	100
21.	Internsh (Any on	•	Internship / Industrial Activity	0	2	-	25	75	100
		Subto		30	26				800
			SEMESTER –IV						
22.	Core Th	eory-11	Introduction of Python and Android Application Tools Development	6	5	3	25	75	100
23.	Core Th	eory-12	VLSI Design and VHDL Programming	6	5	3	25	75	100
24.	Elective (Any on		A. RF Circuit and Satellite Communication/ B.E-Vehicles Technologies	4	3	3	25	75	100
25.	Core Pra	actical-7	VLSI and Android Application Development Lab	2	1	3	50	50	100
26.	Core Pra	actical-8	Object Oriented Programming using PythonLab.	2	1	3	50	50	100
27.	Core Pro	oject -1	Project Work with Viva-voce	6	5	3	100	100	200
28	course ( Professi Compet	ency Skill	Nano Electronics	4	2	3			
29.	Extension 1	on Activity-	Extension Activity – Human Rights	-	1	-	-	-	-
		Subto	tal TOTAL	30 120	23 93	-			700 2800
		_		140	,5				-000

# Program Educational Objectives (PEOs)The M. Sc. Electronics and Communication

The M. Sc. Electronics and Communication program should describe the accomplishments that graduates are expected to attain within seven years after graduation. This will help students set goals and align their efforts towards achieving success in their careers. It is essential to have a clear understanding of the expectations of the industry and research field to be able to make informed decisions and plan for the future. By designing the program with this in mind, graduates will be well-equipped to tackle the challenges and opportunities they may encounter in their professional lives

PEO1	To provide the necessary foundation and advanced techniques on computational and software platforms related to the field of Electronics and Communication	
DECA		

PEO2 Keep themselves abreast of new research developments in the field of Electronics and Communication

#### **Program Outcomes (POs)**

On successful completion of the M. Sc. Electronics and Communication program

	Understand and apply the Electro Magnetic theory, communication,
	advanced microprocessor, VLSI Design, Medical Electronics and image
PO1	Processing concepts of Electronics and Communication.
PO2	Identify, analyze and solve the Electronics and medical Instrumentation problem the imported tools.
PO3	Understand, analyze and apply Embedded Systems, LabVIEW, VLSI
	Design, Automation concepts in various industrial applications.
	Understanding and executing of Electronics and Instrumentation principles and
PO4	to apply these to one's own work as a member / leader in a team to manage
	Electronics / Instrumentation / Mobile communication and Robotics
	Automation projects.
PO5	Self and life-long learning, keeping pace with advanced technological challenges
P03	in the broadest sense.
	Ability to analyze complex problems in Communication domain and
PO6	recommend right solutions with acquired mastery technical knowledge in
	Electronics and Instrumentation.
	Applying the knowledge to acquired research methods including design of
PO7	experiments, analysis and interpretation of data and synthesis of information and
	to arrive at significant conclusion.
PO8	An ability to independently carry out research and developmental work and arrive
FU8	at well-founded solutions for complex Electronics and e-vehicle problems
	Select and apply relevant techniques, Engineering and IT tools for Engineering
PO9	activities like modeling and control of systems/processes and also being
	Conscious of the limitations.
PO10	Comprehend professional and ethical responsibility in the field of Electronics
1010	and communication.

# M.Sc. Electronics and Communication/Semester-I/Core-1 ANALOG AND DIGITAL SYSTEM DESIGN

**OBJECTIVES:** To acquire and understand the basic knowledge of analog circuits and digital logic design

CO1	Understand and analyze about the P-SPICE tool and applications.	K1, K4
CO2	Comprehend the characteristics of various amplifiers and	K2, K4
	characteristics	
CO3	Analyze the BJT and FET concepts and its applications.	K3, K5
CO4	Analyze conversion concepts and PLL.	K2, K4,
		K5
CO5	Develop digital system design and memory concepts.	K2, K3,
		K6
<b>K1</b> - R	Remember; <b>K2</b> - Understand; <b>K3</b> - Apply; <b>K4</b> - Analyze; <b>K5</b> - Evaluate; I	K6 - Create

Марр	Mapping with Programme Outcomes											
COs	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	<b>PO</b> 6	P 07	PO8	<b>PO</b> 9	PO10		
CO1	S	М	S	М	S	М	S	S	S	S		
CO2	S	S	S	М	S	М	S	S	S	S		
CO3	М	М	S	М	S	М	Μ	S	М	S		
CO4	S	М	S	М	М	М	S	S	S	S		
CO5	S	М	S	М	S	М	S	S	S	S		

## UNIT I

**ANALOG SYSTEM DESIGN**: Circuit Design and Analysis using PSPICE – Schematics, attributes and types of analysis in PSPICE, use of PROBE.

# UNIT II

**DESIGN AND ANALYSIS-1:** Design and analysis of BJT/FET differential and multistage amplifiers, current sources, current mirrors and active loads, small signal circuit analysis

## UNIT III

**DESIGN AND ANALYSIS-2:** Operational Amplifiers (OPAMP)-characteristics and Applications- Integrator, Differentiator, Wave-shaping circuits, Active filters, Oscillators, Schmitt trigger circuit, non-sinusoidal oscillators and timing circuits

## UNIT IV

**DESIGN AND ANALYSIS-3**: Design and analysis of signal conditioning circuits, Current to Voltage, Voltage to Current, Voltage to Frequency, Frequency to Voltage converters, Phase Locked Loop (PLL)and its application circuits.

## UNIT VI

**DIGITAL SYSTEM DESIGN:** Digital system design concepts, approaches, basic combinatorial and Sequential circuits, Implementation of systems like ALU, Stop watch. Finite state machines, Control unit design, Applications of FSM like sequence detector, sequence generator, Stepper control programmable logic devices-ROM, PAL, FPGA, CPLD etc., PLD based system design applications.

#### **TEXT AND REFERENCE BOOKS:**

1. Analysis and Design of Analog Integrated Circuits: Grey and Mayer.

2. Electronic Circuit analysis and design: D.A.Neaman, Mc GrawHill.

3. Microelectronic Circuits Analysis and Design: Rashid PW Spub.

4. Electronic Devices and circuit theory: R. L Boylestad and L.Nashelsky, Pearson

5.M.Mano, Digital Logic and Computer Design, Prentice-Hall India.

6.M.Morris Mano, Michael D.Ciletti, "Digital Design", Pearson, 2013. 7.Tocci, Wedmer and Moss, "Digital systems principles and applications", 10<sup>th</sup> edition Pearson

**COURSE RESULTS**: Analog and digital system design is must for students to construct their own design in electronics.

# M.Sc., Electronics and Communication/Semester-I/Core-2

# ADVANCED MICROPROCESSORS

**OBJECTIVES**: Study of architecture, features and programming of 8086 and advanced microprocessors

**Expected Course Outcomes (CO):** 

After the completion of the course, the student will be able to:

CO1	Understand and analyze about the various register and architecture concepts.	K3,K4
CO2	Analyze the Pentium I, II, III and IV processors with memory management systems.	K2,K5
CO3	Analyze the CISC and RISC processors and SPARC family.	K3,K4
CO4	Design and analysis of RISC processors and its architectures.	K2,K4,
		K5
CO5	Analyze the architecture of Special Purpose Processors and Its	K2,K3
	applications.	
<b>K1</b> - R	emember; K2 - Understand; K3 - Apply; K4 - Analyze; K5 - Evaluate; K6	6 – Create

#### \*S-Strong; M-Medium; L-Low

Mapp	Mapping with Programme Outcomes											
COs	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO	PO	PO8	PO9	PO10		
	-					0	1					
CO1	S	М	S	М	S	М	S	S	S	М		
CO2	S	М	М	М	S	М	S	S	М	S		
CO3	S	М	S	М	S	М	S	М	S	S		
CO4	М	М	S	М	S	М	S	S	S	S		
CO5	S	М	S	М	S	М	S	S	S	S		

## UNIT I

**CISC PRINCIPLES**: Classic CISC microprocessors, Intelx86Family: Architecture-register set – Data formats - Addressing modes - Instruction set - Assembler directives – Interrupts, Segmentation, Paging, Real and Virtual mode execution– Protection mechanism, Task management 80186,286,386 and 486 architectures.

## UNIT II

**PENTIUM PROCESSORS**: Introduction to Pentium microprocessor–Special Pentium Registers – Pentium Memory Management – New Pentium instructions – Introduction to Pentium Pro and its special features – Architecture of Pentium-II, Pentium-III and Pentium4 microprocessors.

## UNIT III

**RISC PRINCIPLES**: RISC Vs CISC – RISC properties and evaluation – On- chip register File Vs Cache evaluation – Study of typical RISC processor – The PowerPC – Architecture & special features – Power PC 601 – IBM RS/6000, Sun PARC Family – Architecture – Super SPARC.

## **UNIT-IV**

**RISC PROCESSOR**: MIPS Rx000 family – Architecture – Special features – MIPSR4000 and R4400– Motorola 88000 Family–Architecture–MC 88110–MC88100 and MC88200.

# UNIT V

**SPECIAL PURPOSE PROCESSORS**: EPIC Architecture–ASIPs–Network Processors–DSPs– Graphics /Image Processors.

# **TEXTANDREFERENCEBOOKS:**

1.Daniel Tabak, "Advanced Microprocessors", Tata McGraw-Hill, 1995, 2nd Edition. 2.The80x86 family John Uffenbeck - Design, Programming and Interfacing, III edition.

COURSE RESULTS: Students can understand the need of microprocessors and their features.

## M.Sc. Electronics and Communication/Semester-I/Core 3-A:

### MATHEMATICAL METHODS AND NETWORK ANALYSIS

**OBJECTIVES:** This course is to familiarize students with a range of mathematical methods and networks and these are essential for solving problems related to electronics.

CO1	Understand and analyze about elementary transformations and application of Cayley and Reduction of quadratic form into sum of squares.	K3,K4
CO2	Analyze the Double integrals and - Introduction to Signal sand	K2,K5
	Systems,	
CO3	Analyze the Statistics and Transform Functions.	K3,K4
<b>CO4</b>	Design and analysis of Network elements.	K2,K4,
		K5
CO5	Analyze the Fourier Series and its applications.	K2,K3
K1 -	Remember; K2 - Understand; K3 - Apply; K4 - Analyze; K5 - Evaluate; K	6 – Create

\*S-Strong; M-Medium; L-Low

Марр	Mapping with Programme Outcomes										
COs	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	<b>PO6</b>	<b>PO7</b>	PO8	PO9	PO10	
CO1	S	Μ	S	М	S	S	S	S	S	S	
CO2	S	S	М	М	S	М	S	S	М	S	
CO3	S	М	S	М	S	М	S	М	S	S	
CO4	S	М	S	М	S	М	S	S	S	S	
CO5	S	М	S	М	S	М	S	S	S	S	

#### UNIT I

**MATRIX**: Elementary transformation-finding inverse and rank using elementary transformationsolution of line equations using elementary transformations-Eigen values and eigenvectors – application of Cayley-Hamilton theorem – Diagonalization – Reduction of quadratic form into sum of squares using orthogonal transformation-nature of quadratic form.

#### UNIT II

**EQUATIONS, INTEGRALS AND SOLUTIONS**: Differential equations and their solutions, Doubleintegrals in Cartesian and polar co-ordinates – application in finding area and volume using doubleintegrals – change of variables using Jacobian - Introduction to Signal sand Systems, Bessel functions of first and second kind.

#### UNIT III

**STATISTICS AND TRANSFORM FUNCTIONS**: Introduction to Statistics, Population and Sample, Types of Data, Measures of Central Tendency, Measures of Dispersion and Discrete Probability Distribution, Laplace transform and its applications, Analysis of LTI Continuous Time System using Laplace Transform, Z-Transform.

**UNIT IV** 

**NETWORK ANALYSIS**: Network elements, Network Graphs, Nodal and Mesh analysis, Zero and Poles, Bode Plots, Laplace transforms, Two-port Network Parameters, Transfer functions, Signal representation. State variable method of circuit analysis.AC circuit analysis, Transient analysis

#### UNIT V

**FOURIER SERIES:** Dirichlet conditions – Fourier series with period  $\pi$  and 2  $\pi$  – Half range sine and cosine series– simple problems– RMS value.

#### **TEXTAND REFERENCE BOOKS:**

1. Advanced Engg. Mathematics, Erwin Kreyszig, Willey Publication, 10<sup>th</sup>Edition

2. Higher Engg. Mathematics G rewal B.S., Khanna Publishers

3. Goon Gupta and Das Gupta: Fundamentals of Statistics, Vol. 1, The World PressPvt. Ltd., Kolkata.

4. Millerand Fruend: Modern Elementary Statistics. PEARSON publication.

5. Snedecor and Cochran:Statistical Methods, Oxford and IBH Publishers.

6.Engg. Mathematics: N.P.Bali

7. Laplace and Fourier Transforms, Goyaland Gupta

8. Advanced Mathematics for engineers: .S.Sokolinokoff

9. Methods of Applied Mathematics: F.B. Hilderbrand.

10. Mathematical methods for Physics: Arfken A.G. Academic Press.

- 11. Digital Signal Processing: SanjitMitra, Mc graw Higher Ed publication.
- 12. Mathematical methods for physicists and Engineers: M.A. Boas

13. Network Analysis: Von Valkenberg, PEARSON

**COURSE RESULTS:** The students will be able to solve various differential equations, functions, signals, networks, Fourier series and integral transformations, etc.,

#### M.Sc. Electronics and Communication/Semester-I/Core 3-B:

#### **COMPUTER NETWORKS**

**OBJECTIVES**: Learn the concepts of N/W communication network protocols, different communication layer structure and security mechanism for data communication system.

CO1	Understand and analyze about OSI and TCP/IP architecture	K3,K4						
	concepts.							
CO2	Analyze the multiplexing and switching management systems.	K1, K5						
CO3	Analyze the various protocols family.	K3, K4						
<b>CO4</b>	Design and analysis of QOS and layer support and control.	K2, K4,						
		K5						
CO5	Analyze the security and Its applications.							
<b>K1</b> - Re	emember; K2 - Understand; K3 - Apply; K4 - Analyze; K5 - Evaluate; K	6 – Create						

#### \*S-Strong; M-Medium; L-Low

Mapp	Mapping with Programme Outcomes												
COs	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	<b>PO7</b>	PO8	PO9	PO10			
CO1	S	Μ	S	М	S	М	S	S	S	S			
CO2	S	М	М	М	S	М	S	S	М	S			
CO3	S	М	S	М	S	М	S	М	S	S			
CO4	М	М	S	М	S	М	S	S	S	S			
CO5	S	М	S	М	S	М	S	S	S	S			

#### UNIT - I

Introduction – Network Hardware – Software – Reference Models – OSI and TCP/IP models – Example networks: Internet, 3G Mobile phone networks, Wireless LANs –RFID and sensor networks - Physical layer – Theoretical basis for data communication - guided transmission media

#### UNIT - II

Wireless transmission – Communication Satellites – Digital modulation and multiplexing - Telephones network structure – local loop, trunks and multiplexing, switching. Data link layer: Design issues – error detection and correction.

# UNIT - III

Elementary data link protocols – sliding window protocols – Example Data Link protocols – Packet over SONET, ADSL - Medium Access Layer–Channel Allocation Problem– Multiple Access Protocols.

# UNIT - IV

Network layer - design issues - Routing algorithms - Congestion control algorithms - Quality of Service - Network layer of Internet- IP protocol - IP Address - Internet Control Protocol.

# UNIT - V

Transport layer – transport service- Elements of transport protocol - Addressing, Establishing & Releasing a connection– Error control, flow control, multiplexing and crash recovery - Internet Transport Protocol – TCP- Network Security: Cryptography.

# **Text Book:**

- 1. S. Tanenbaum, 2011, Computer Networks, Fifth Edition, Pearson Education, Inc.
- 2. References Books:
- 3. B. Forouzan, 1998, Introduction to Data Communications in Networking, Tata McGraw Hill, New Delhi.
- 4. F.Halsall,1995, Data Communications, Computer Networks and Open Systems, Addison Wessley.
- 5. D. Bertsekas and R. Gallagher, 1992, Data Networks, Prentice Hall of India, New Delhi.
- 6. Lamarca, 2002, Communication Networks, Tata McGraw Hill, New Delhi.
- 7. TeresaC Piliouras, "Network Design Management and Technical Perspectives, Second Edition", Auerbach Publishers, 2015.

**COURSE RESULTS:** Students will be able to master in the concepts of protocols, network interfaces, and designing performance issues in local area networks and wide area networks.

### M.Sc. Electronics and Communication/Semester-I/Elective -1 – A:

# ELECTRONIC PROPERTIES OF MATERIALS

**OBJECTIVES:** To understand the basic electronic properties of materials to explore the novel devices in electronics industries.

CO1	Understand and analyze about the various properties, characteristics and applications of materials.	K2,K4
CO2	Comprehend the characteristics of various like piezo, ferro and anti ferro with its applications.	K2,K4
CO3	Analyze the Optical properties of materials inter and intra bond concepts.	K3,K4
CO4	Analyze the Magnetic Properties of Materials	K1,K4 ,K5
CO5	Develop an ability to differentiate Materials Properties at Nanoscale.	K2,K6
K1 - Re Create	emember; <b>K2</b> - Understand; <b>K3</b> - Apply; <b>K4</b> - Analyze; <b>K5</b> - Evaluat	te; <b>K6</b> –

\*S-Strong; M-Medium; L-Low

Mappi	Mapping with Programme Outcomes												
Cos	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO 6	P 07	PO8	PO 9	PO1 0			
CO1	S	М	S	М	S	М	S	М	S	S			
CO2	S	М	S	М	S	S	S	S	S	S			
CO3	S	М	S	S	S	М	S	S	S	S			
CO4	S	М	S	М	S	М	S	S	М	S			
CO5	S	М	S	М	S	М	S	S	S	S			

#### UNIT I

**Electrical properties of metals:** Conductivity, reflection and absorption, Fermi surfaces, superconductivity, thermoelectric phenomena. Conduction in metals oxides, amorphous materials.

## UNIT II

**Dielectric Properties of materials:** Macroscopic electric field, local electric field at an atom, dielectric constant and polarizability, ferro electricity, anti-ferroelectricity, phase transition, piezoelectricity, ferro elasticity, electrostriction.

#### **UNIT III**

**Optical properties of materials:** Optical constants and their physical significance, Kramers – Kronig Relations, Electronic intern bond and intra bond transitions Relations between

Optical properties and band structure – colour of material (Frenkel Excitons), Bond Structure determination from optical spectra reflection, refraction, diffraction, scattering, dispersion, photoluminescence, Electroluminescence.

#### **UNIT IV**

**Magnetic Properties of Materials:** Diamagnetism, Para magnetism, various contributions to par and dia-magnetism, Adia-batic demagnetization, Paramagnetic susceptibility. Ferromagnetism, ferrimagnetisms, ferrites, anti-ferromagnetism, curic point, temperature dependence of saturation magnetization, saturation magnetization at absolute zero, mango's and their thermal excitation, dispersion relation, Neutron Magnetic scattering, Ferromagnetic and anti-ferromagnetic order, domains and domain walls, magnetic resonance. Coercive force, hysteresis, methods for parameters measurements.

#### UNIT V

**Materials Properties at Nanoscale:** Quantum Confinement in Nanomaterials-Prime materials in Nanotechnology- Nanomaterials: natural and man-made-Semiconductor Nanomaterials-Polymers and Composites-Metal Nanoparticles-Biomaterials-Unique properties of nanomaterials-Microstructure and defects in monocrystalline materials-Effect of nano dimensions on material behavior (magnetic, electrical, optical and thermal properties).

#### **Text Books:**

1. Electronic Properties of materials, R.E. Hummel, Springer New York publication

2.Solid State Physics, Dekkar, Mc Graw Higher Ed publication

3. Introduction to Solid State Physics, C.Kittlel, Wiley publication

4. Principles of Electronic materials &dev, S.O. Kasap, McGraw Higher Ed Publication

5. Elementary Solid-state physics, M. Ali Omar; Pearson Publication.

6.Nanotechnology: The Science of Small-M.A Shah & K.A Shah, Wiley Publication -First Edition 2013

**COURSE RESULTS:** The knowledge of materials in electronics should be useful to students for further device development.

#### M.Sc. Electronics and Communication/Semester-I/Elective -1-B

# **BIOMEDICAL INSTRUMENTATION**

**OBJECTIVES:** To understand the basics of bio medical instrumentation system, amplifiers, sensorand medical scanning system.

CO1	Understand and analyze about the basics of biological systems, respiratory, and bio potential electrodes.	K3,K4
CO2	Update and understand the new concepts implemented in ECG, EMG, ERG, EOG and its applications.	K2,K4
CO3	Analyze the Non electrical parameter measurements concepts.	K3,K4
CO4	Analyze the Magnetic imaging systems.	K1,K4,K 5
CO5	Develop an ability to differentiate therapeutic device and its applications.	K2,K6
<b>K1</b> - R	emember; <b>K2</b> - Understand; <b>K3</b> - Apply; <b>K4</b> - Analyze; <b>K5</b> - Evaluate; <b>K</b>	<b>6</b> - Create

\*S-Strong; M-Medium; L-Low

Марр	Mapping with Programme Outcomes												
COs	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO 6	P 07	PO8	PO 9	PO1 0			
C01	S	М	S	М	S	М	S	М	S	S			
CO2	М	М	S	М	S	S	S	S	S	S			
CO3	S	М	S	S	S	М	S	S	S	S			
CO4	S	М	S	М	М	М	S	S	М	S			
CO5	S	М	S	М	S	М	S	S	S	S			

## UNIT1

**Physiology and transducers:** Man instrument system, Cell and its structure, resting and action potential, propagation of action potentials, the heart and cardiovascular system, electrophysiology of cardiovascular system, physiology of the respiratory system, nervous system, Electrode theory, bio potential electrodes

## UNIT II

**Electrophysiological measurement:** Lead system, recording methods and typical waveforms of ECG, Vector cardiograph, EEG Lead system, recording and methods and typical waveforms of EMG, ERG, EOG

## UNIT III

#### Non electrical parameter measurements

Measurement of blood pressure, blood flow and cardiac output, plethysmography Measurement of heart sounds, Gas Analyzers, Blood gas analyzers, Oximeters

# UNIT IV

### Medical Imaging and Telemetry

X-ray machine, Echocardiography, computer tomography, MRI, Diagnostic ultrasound, PET,SPECT, Electrical impedance tomography, thermography, biotelemetry

## UNIT V

Assisting and therapeutic device: Pacemakers, Defibrillators, Ventilator, Heart lung machine, Kidney machine, Diathermy, endoscopes, Lasers applications in biomedicine.

#### **TEXT BOOKS**

- 1. Leslie Cromwell, Fred, J. Weibell and Erich A. Pleiffer, "Biomedical Instrumentation and
- 2. Measurements" 2<sup>nd</sup> Edition, Prentice Hall of India, 2014
- 3. Kandpur, R.S. "Handbook of Biomedical Instrumentation" 2<sup>nd</sup> Edition, Tata Mc Graw Hill,2011
- 4. K.S.Fu,R.C. Gonazlez, CSG, Lee Robotics, Control sensing vision and intelligence, Tata McGraw Hill 2008
- 5. M.Arumugam, "Biomedical Instrumentation" Anuradha Publications, 2015

#### **REFERENCE BOOKS**

- 1. John G. Webster, Editor, "Medical Instrumentation, Application and Design" John Wiley and Sons Inc. 2009
- 2. Morelli S Salerno S, Ahmed H, Piscioneri A, DeBartolo L, "Recent strategies combining biomaterials and Stem cells for bone, liver and skin Regenerations" Current stem cell Research & therapy, 2016

#### M.Sc. Electronics and Communication/Semester-I/ Elective 1 C:

#### **AUTOMOTIVE ELECTRONICS**

**OBJECTIVES:** To know fundamentals of Automotive Electronics, fuel injection and ignition systems, provide knowledge about application of electronics in Automobile engineering, impart knowledge about automotive engines.

CO1	Understanding and analyzing the concepts of ignition, stroke, break	K2, K3
	and steering systems.	
CO2	Justification of starting, ignition and fuel consumptions concepts.	K3, K4, K5
CO3	Know the applications of fuel injection programming and controls.	K3, K6
CO4	Ability and to understand ABS, seat belt application and anti-lock	K4, K6
	braking systems.	
CO5	Designing and understanding of Protocols CAN, LIN,	K5, K6
	Flexray, J1850 and Wi-Fi.	
<b>K1</b> - F	Remember; <b>K2</b> - Understand; <b>K3</b> - Apply; <b>K4</b> - Analyze; <b>K5</b> - Evaluate; <b>K6</b>	- Create

#### \*S-Strong; M-Medium; L-Low

Mapp	Mapping with Programme Outcomes											
COs	<b>PO1</b>	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10		
CO1	S	М	S	М	S	М	S	М	S	М		
CO2	М	М	S	М	S	S	S	S	S	М		
CO3	S	М	S	S	S	М	S	S	S	S		
CO4	S	М	S	М	S	М	S	S	М	S		
CO5	S	М	S	М	S	М	S	S	S	S		

**UNIT I: Automotive Fundamental:** Evolution –Physical Configuration –Automotive Systems -Engine–Engine Block –Cylinder Head –4 Stroke Cycle -Engine Control –Ignition System – Ignition, Timing –Suspension –Brakes –Steering System.

**UNIT II: Ignition Systems Starting Systems** - Requirements of the Starting Systems - Ignition Systems: Fundamentals – Types – Generation – Timing – Fuel Consumption – Conventional Ignition Components – Plug Leads – Ignition Coil Cores - Introduction to Electronic Ignition system.

**UNIT III: Fuel Injection Overview of Programmed Ignition** -Electronics Control of Carburetion –Basics–Areas of Control -Fuel Injection -System Overview -Advantages of Fuel Injection.

**UNIT IV: Chassis Electrical System** Anti-lock Brakes –Introduction –Requirements of ABS – General System Description –ABS components –Anti-lock Brake System Control.

**UNIT V: Traction Control** – Functions –System Operation –Safety Systems: Central Locking - Electric Windows – Airbags and Belt Tensioners- Wi-Fi.

#### **TEXT BOOKS**

 William B. Ribbens, "Understanding Automotive Electronics", Society of Automotive Engineers Inc, 6thEdition, 2002
 Tom Denton, "Automobile Electrical and Electronic Systems", Elsevier Publications Ltd., 4thEdition, 2011.

#### **REFERENCES BOOKS**

1.www.flexray.com

2.www.can-cia.org

# M.Sc. Electronics and Communication/Semester-I/ Practical-1

# ANALOG ELECTRONIC DESIGN LAB (ANY 10 USING HARDWARE /SOFTWARE)

**OBJECTIVES:** To get the practical training in analog electronic circuit design. List of experiments consists of:

- 1. Waveform generators: Multivibrators- Astable
- 2. Monostable
- 3. Bistable
- 4. Triangular wave generator (Using op-amp),
- 5. Wave shaping circuits,
- 6. S.M.P.S
- 7. Voltage controlled oscillator
- 8. Amplifiers: RC coupled amplifier/FET amplifier.
- 9. Filters: Butter worth filters, Low pass filter High pass filters Band pass filters –Band reject filters)
- 10. IGMF filters, Low pass filters-High pass filters- Band pass filters -Band reject filters Universal filters Communication:
- 11. Frequency modulation using PLL
- 12. PAM using OP AMP
- 13. Amplitude modulation using OP AMP
- 14. Frequency shift keying by PLL
- 15. Simulation of inductance using OPAMP
- 16. Negative impedance converter
- 17. Frequency multiplication by using PLL

**COURSE RESULTS**: Students can able to troubleshoot the analog electronic circuit design experiments with various applications.

### M.Sc. Electronics and Communication/Semester-I / Practical-2

#### DIGITAL ELECTRONIC DESIGN LAB

#### (ANY 10 USING HARDWARE /SOFTWARE)

1. Astable- Timer experiments using 555 timer.

2. Monostable - Timer experiments using 555 timer Study of IC's. Use bread boards.

3.Astable multivibrator using logic gates.

4. Monostable multivibrator using logic gates

#### Study of combinational, sequential & CMOS circuits (Using SPICE)

5. Combinational Circuits

6.Adder

- 7. Subtractor.
- 8.Comparators
- 9. Encoder
- 10. Decoder.
- 11. MUX
- 12. DEMUX.
- Sequential Circuits
- 13. Flip-Flops (RS and JK)
- 14. Shift Registers.
- 15. Binary Counters
- 16. Ring counters

Sequence Generations.

- 17. Universal Gates.
- 18. Boolean Expressions.

**COURSE RESULTS:** Students can able to troubleshoot digital electronic circuit design experiments with bread board.

#### M.Sc. Electronics and Communication / Semester -II / Core -4

#### DIGITAL COMMUNICATION SYSTEM

**OBJECTIVES:** To understand information theory and coding, familiarize various coding techniques and methods and understand convolution codes and cryptography

CO1	Understand and analyze about the various digital coding concepts.	K2, K4
CO2	Analyze The Concepts Of coding and decoding of data.	K3, K5
CO3	Analyze the cryptography and digital data concepts.	K3, K4
CO4	Design and analysis of digital modulation and demodulation	K1,
	commutation techniques	K4,K5
CO5	Analyze spread spectrum concepts and its types.	K2, K3,
		k5
<b>K1</b> - Re	emember; K2 - Understand; K3 - Apply; K4 - Analyze; K5 - Evaluate; K	6 – Create

# S-Strong; M-Medium; L-Low

Mappi	Mapping with Programme Outcomes												
COs	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	<b>PO7</b>	<b>PO8</b>	PO9	PO10			
CO1	S	М	S	М	S	М	S	S	S	М			
CO2	S	М	S	М	S	М	S	S	S	S			
CO3	S	М	S	М	S	М	S	S	S	S			
CO4	М	М	S	М	S	S	S	S	S	S			
CO5	S	М	S	М	S	М	S	S	S	S			

#### UNIT I

**INTRODUCTION:** Information, Entropy, Information rate, Classification of codes, Kraft McMillan inequality, source coding theorem, Shanon-Fano coding, Huffmann coding, Extended Huffmann coding, Shanon's channel capacity theorem, joint and conditional entropy, mutual information, discrete memory-less channel, BSC, BEC

# UNIT II

**CODING AND DECODING-1:** Hamming weight, Hamming distance, Types of codes, Linear Block codes, Repetition codes, Syndrome decoding, Syndrome property, minimum distance decoding, Cyclic codes, Syndrome calculation, encoder and decoder, important cyclic codes.

#### **UNIT III**

**CODING AND DECODING-2:** Convolutional codes- Quad tree Trellis state diagram, encoding-decoding, time domain approach and transform domain approach, Sequential search and Viterbi algorithm, Principle of turbo coding, Cryptography, Secret key cryptography, block and stream ciphers, DES, data encryption standard, public key cryptography, digital signatures.

#### UNIT IV

**DIGITAL MODULATION TECHNIQUES:** Phase Shift Keying, Amplitude Shift Keying, Frequency Shift Keying, Coherent Detection of PSK and FSK, Non-Coherent Detection of Differential Phase Shift Keying, Binary Differential Phase Shift Keying and FSK, QPSK, Minimum Shift Keying (MSK), Gaussian Minimum Shift Keying (GMSK), M-ary Signaling, Probability of Error in each Scheme, Comparison of Digital Modulation Techniques.

#### UNIT V:

**SPREAD SPECTRUM TECHNIQUES:** Overview of Spread Spectrum Techniques, Pseudo- noise (PN) Sequences, Properties of Pseudo-noise, Sequences, Theory of Spread Spectrum Modulation, Model of Spread Spectrum Digital Communication System, Direct-Sequence Spread Spectrum (DSSS) Systems: Generation and Detection, Example of Direct Sequencing, Processing Gain and Performance, Frequency Hopping Spread-Spectrum (FHSS) Systems: Example, Robustness, Frequency Hopping with Diversity, Fast Hopping versus Slow Hopping, FFH/MFSK Demodulator.

#### **TEXT BOOKS:**

- 1. Digital Communications Simon Haykin, 4<sup>th</sup> Edition, John Wiley & Sons, Inc.
- 2. Taub's Principles of Communication Systems by H Taub, D L Schilling and G Saha, Third Edition 2008, TMH Education Pvt Ltd, New Delhi.
- 3. Analog and Digital Communications by Hwei P. Hsu, Schaum's Outline Series, McGraw Hill Education Pvt. Ltd.

#### M.Sc. Electronics and Communication / Semester -II / Core -5

#### MICROCONTROLLERS, EMBEDDED SYSTEM AND IoT APPLICATIONS

**OBJECTIVES:** To familiarize the students in microcontrollers, embedded concepts and Internet of Things (IoT) applications.

	<u> </u>							
CO1	Understand and analyze 8051 ARCHITECTURE concepts.	K1, K3						
CO2	Analyze The Concepts Of PIC	K2, K5						
CO3	Analyze The timer and interrupts concepts.	K3, K4						
CO4	Design and analysis of port and interfacing techniques	K1, K4, K5						
CO5	Analyze the IOT concepts and its applications.	K2, K3, K4						
<b>K1</b> - Re	K1 - Remember; K2 - Understand; K3 - Apply; K4 - Analyze; K5 - Evaluate; K6 – Create							
Cture NA								

#### S-Strong; M-Medium; L-Low Manning with Programme Outcomes

Mapp	Mapping with Frogramme Outcomes												
COs	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	<b>PO7</b>	<b>PO8</b>	PO9	PO10			
CO1	М	М	S	М	S	М	S	S	S	М			
CO2	S	М	S	М	S	М	S	S	S	S			
CO3	S	М	S	М	S	М	S	S	М	S			
CO4	S	М	S	М	S	М	S	S	S	S			
CO5	S	М	S	М	S	М	S	S	S	S			

# UNIT 1

8051 MICROCONTROLLERS: Microcontrollers and Embedded Processors -Overview of the 8051 Family -8051Architecture - Pin Configuration of 8051 -Instruction Set - Addressing Modes. 8051 Assembly Language Programming -Assembling and Running an 8051 Program - Program Counter and ROM Space on 8051 - Data Types and Directives - 8051 Flag - Bits and the PSW Register - Register Banks and Stack - Timer and Counter - Interrupts.

# **UNIT II**

PIC MICROCONTROLLERS: Hardware Architecture and Pipelining - Program Memory - Register Pile Structure and Addressing Modes - CPU Register - Instruction Set - Simple Programs. 8-bit addition, subtraction, multiplication and division,

MP- ASM Assembler and its use.

#### **UNIT III**

TIMER & INTERRUPTS: Timer 2 use - Interrupt Logic - Timer 2 Sealer Initialization - Interrupt Service Routine- Loop Time Subroutine - Code Template -Interrupt Constrains - Improved Interrupt Servicing - External Interrupts and Timers -Timers 0 - Compare Mode - Capture Mode.

#### **UNIT IV**

I/O PORT EXPANSION AND PERIPHERAL INTERFACING: Synchronous Serial Port Module - Serial Peripheral Interface - Output Port and Input Port Expansion

- DAC Output - Temperature Sensor - Serial EEPROM.

# UNIT V

**APPLICATIONS OF IOT:** Introduction to Arduino IDE – writing code in sketch, compiling-debugging, uploading the file to Arduino board, role of serial monitor. Embedded 'C' Language basics - Interfacing sensors – The working of digital versus analog pins in Arduino platform, interfacing LED, Button, Sensors-DHT, LDR, MQ135, IR. Display the data on Liquid Crystal Display (LCD), interfacing keypad serial communication – interfacing HC-05(Bluetooth module)- Control/handle 220V AC supply – interfacing relay module.

# **TEXT AND REFERENCE BOOKS:**

- 1. Muhammad Ali Mazidi, Jarrice Gillispie Mazidi & Rolin D. Mckinlay The 8051Microcontroller and Embedded Systems 2nd Edition-Prentice Hall India Private Ltd.
- 2. John Pickamn Microcontroller Based Embedded System Pearson education
- 3. The 8051 microcontroller & embedded systems using assembly and C –Kennth. J .Ayala, Dhananjay V.Gadre.

**COURSE RESULTS:** The students shall be able to develop embedded application.

# M.Sc. Electronics and Communication / Semester -II / Core 6 – A:

## **OPTO-ELECTRONICS AND OPTICAL FIBER COMMUNICATION**

#### **OBJECTIVES:**

Understand the basic operating principles of light sources, detectors. Basic principles of light propagation and modal analyses of optical fiber and system modulation.

CO1	Understand and analyze about the opto-device and	K1, K4
	Laser applications.	
CO2	Analyze the concepts of diodes and detectors and its Types.	K2, K5
CO3	Analyze The fibers and its applications concepts.	K2, K4
CO4	Design and analysis of optical modulators and detectors.	K3, K4,K5
CO5	Analyze the transmission of signals and modulator concepts.	K2, K3
<b>K1</b> - R	emember; K2 - Understand; K3 - Apply; K4 - Analyze; K5 - Evalua	te; <b>K6</b> – Create

#### S-Strong; M-Medium; L-Low

Марр	Mapping with Programme Outcomes										
COs	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	
CO1	S	М	S	S	S	М	S	S	S	S	
CO2	М	М	S	М	S	М	S	S	S	S	
CO3	S	М	S	М	S	М	S	S	S	S	
CO4	М	М	S	М	S	М	S	S	М	S	
CO5	S	М	S	М	S	М	S	S	S	S	

#### UNIT I

**OPTO ELECTRONICS-I**: Lamps and illumination systems, LEDs – working principle and applications, LED lighting, Display devices, indicators, numeric, alphanumeric and special function displays, Liquid Crystal Display elements, Plasma Displays, Multimedia projectors, Semiconductor lasers, - Fabry-Perot lasers, Distributed Feedback, (DFB) lasers, Distributed Bragg Reflection (DBR) lasers

#### UNIT II

**OPTOELECTRONICS-II**: Photo detectors types and applications, PN and PIN Photodiodes, Avalanche Photodiodes (APD), Opto-couplers, Opto-interrupters, LASER used in safety interlocks, power isolators, rotary and linear encoders and remote control. Intrinsic and Extrinsic Fiber optic sensors.

#### UNIT III

**OPTICAL FIBER-1:** Optical Fiber Theory, Parameters of Optical Fibers, Types of Optical Fibers-Single Mode and Multi-Mode Fibers, Step Index & Graded Index Fibers. Modal Properties-Waveguide Parameter (V Number), Cut-off wavelength, Dispersion-Intermodal and Intra modal dispersion. Loss Mechanism in Optical Fibers.

# UNIT IV

**OPTICAL FIBER-II:** Fiber-Optic transmitters and receivers, Direct Modulators, External Modulators-Electro-Optic Modulators, Electro-Absorption Modulators, Noise in detection process, Noise Equivalent Power (NEP).

# UNIT V

**OPTICAL FIBER-III:** Single Channel System Design, Power budgeting, Transmission Capacity Budgeting, Dispersion Compensation, Nonlinear effects in optical fibers-Stimulated Brillouin Scattering (SBS), Self-Phase Modulation (SPM), Cross-Phase Modulation (XPM), Four-Wave Mixing (FWM).

# **TEXT AND REFERENCE BOOKS:**

- 1. Optical Engineering Fundamentals B.H. Walker, PHI
- 2. Electro-Optical Instrumentation Sensing and Measuring with Lasers: Silvano Donati, Pearson
- 3. Fiber optics and Optoelectronics: R.P. Khare, Oxford Press.
- 4. Optical Fiber Communication Principles and Systems A. Selvarajan, S.Kar and Srinivas, TMH
- 5. Optical Fiber Communications G. Keiser, TMH

**COURSE RESULTS:** Students can get awareness about optical sources, fiber optics and optical communication through fibers.

#### M.Sc. Electronics and Communication / Semester -II / Core – 6 B:

#### SOLAR ENERGY SYSTEM

**OBJECTIVES:** To learn the concept of various materials using for photovoltaic cells and get exposure of latest developments in PV technology.

CO1	Understand the fundamentals of solar energy concepts.	K1,K4
CO2	Analyze the Concepts Of properties of semiconductors and	K2,K5
	types.	
CO3	Analyze the Advantages – Disadvantages - applications.	K3,K4
	Concepts.	
CO4	Design and analysis efficiency techniques	K1,
		K4,K5
CO5	analyze the materials used for solar cells and its	K2,
	applications.	K3
<b>K1</b> - Rei	member; <b>K2</b> - Understand; <b>K3</b> - Apply; <b>K4</b> - Analyze; <b>K5</b> - Evaluate; <b>K</b>	6 – Create

#### S-Strong; M-Medium; L-Low

	Mapping with Programme Outcomes									
COs	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	<b>PO7</b>	PO8	PO9	PO10
CO1	S	М	S	М	S	М	S	S	S	S
CO2	S	М	S	М	S	М	S	S	S	S
CO3	М	М	S	М	S	М	S	S	S	М
CO4	S	М	S	М	S	М	S	S	S	S
CO5	S	М	S	М	S	М	S	S	S	S

# UNIT I SOLAR ENERGY FUNDAMENTALS

Nature of solar energy, conversion of solar energy, photochemical conversion of solar energy, photovoltaic conversion, photo-physics of semiconductors and semiconductor particles, photo-catalysis.

#### UNIT II FUNDAMENTALS OF SOLAR CELLS

Basic of Semiconductor Physics- the p-n junction, charge carriers in semiconductors, optical properties of semiconductors, Hetero- junctions,

#### **UNIT III SOLAR CELL**:

Different types of materials – Availability – Advantages – Disadvantages - applications. Spectral response of solar cells - Dark conductivity - I-V characterization - Introduction to physics of semiconductor devices.

#### UNIT IV TYPES OF SOLAR CELLS

High efficiency solar cells - PERL Si solar cell - LGBC solar cell - III-V, II-VI high efficiency solar cells - thin film technology - GaAs solar cells - tandem and multi junction solar cells - solar PV concentrator cells and systems.

#### UNIT V DIFFERENT MATERIALS USED FOR SOLAR CELLS

Nano - micro and poly crystalline Si for solar cells - Mono micro silicon composite structure - Silicon and non-silicon thin film deposition techniques Advanced solar cell concepts and technologies – Amorphous silicon thin filmtechnologies - Multi junction solar cells – CDTE – CIGS - Quantum dots Peroskvite.

#### **TEXT BOOKS**

- 1. Solar cells: Operating principles, technology and system applications by Martin A Green, Prentice Hall Inc, Englewood Cliffs, NJ, USA, 1981.
- 2. Semiconductors for solar cells, HJ Moller, Artech House Inc, MA, USA, 1993.
- 3. Solid State electronic devices, Ben G Streetman, Prentice Hall of India Pvt Ltd., New Delhi 1995.
- 4. Carbon nanotubes and related structures: New material for twenty first century, PJF Harris, Cambridge University Press, 1999.
- 5. Think Film crystalline silicon solar cells: Physics and technology, R. Brendel, Wiley VCH, Weinheim, 2003.

# **REFERENCE BOOKS**

- 1. Clean Electricity from photovoltaics, M. D. Archer, R. Hill, Imperial college press, 2001.
- 2. Organic photovoltaics: Concepts and realization, V Barbec, V. Dyak
- 3. Fuel cell and their applications, K. Kordesch, G. Simader, VCH, Weinheim, Germany, 1996.
- 4. Battery technology handbook, H. A. Kiehne, Marcel Dekker, New York, 1989.

#### M.Sc. Electronics and Communication / Semester -II / Elective – 2 A

#### ELECTRO MAGNETICS, MICROWAVE AND ANTENNA

**OBJECTIVES:** It is intended as a resource for understanding electromagnetic required in current, emerging and future broadband communications systems essential for solving problems in electronics.

CO1	Understand the Maxwell equations and characteristics concepts.	K3, K4					
CO2	Analyze the propagation modes, types of waveguides, waveguide	K2, K5					
	components,						
CO3	Analyze the wave tube and special diodes Functions.	K3,K4					
CO4	Design and analysis of antennas and micro strip antennas.	K1, K4,					
		K5					
CO5	Analyze the Antenna parameters and applications.	K2, K3					
<b>K1</b> - Re	K1 - Remember; K2 - Understand; K3 - Apply; K4 - Analyze; K5 - Evaluate; K6 – Create						

#### \*S-Strong; M-Medium; L-Low

Mapp	ing with	Program	me Outo	comes						
COs	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	<b>PO7</b>	PO8	PO9	PO10
CO1	М	М	S	М	S	S	S	S	S	S
CO2	S	S	М	М	S	М	S	S	М	М
CO3	S	М	S	М	S	М	S	М	S	S
CO4	S	М	S	М	S	М	S	S	S	S
CO5	S	М	S	М	S	М	S	S	S	S

#### UNIT I

Maxwell's equations, correspondence of field and circuit equations, characteristic

impedance and admittance, S-matrix, lossless and loss Transmission lines, standing wave and standing wave ratio, impedance matching techniques like  $\lambda/4$  transformer, single and double stubs use of Smith's chart. Skin depth.

#### **UNIT II**

**Waveguides**: propagation modes, types of waveguides, waveguide components- E and H plane T, Magic 'T' microwave couplers, matched terminations, directional couplers, circulators and isolators, Phase shifters, cables, connectors and Adapters

#### **UNIT III**

**Microwave**: Klystron and Magnetron, travelling wave tube, Microwave switches, Microwave transistors, microwave diodes: Varactor, GUNN diode, PIN diode, IMPATT, TRAPATT, GaAs FET. Power Thermistor, diode, short key diode.

#### **UNIT IV**

**Antennas:** Types of antennas: short dipole antennas, antenna arrays, isotropic, dipole, broadside and end fire arrays, Yagi-Uda, log periodic and rhombic antenna, Reflector antennas, Reconfigurable antennas, Phased array antennas, Cognitive radio, Microstrip Antennas.

#### UNIT V

**Antenna parameters**: S parameter, VSWR, Gain, Radiation resistance, Radiation pattern, beam width, bandwidth, efficiency, Polarization. Friis Transmission equation, Radar-cross equation

#### **TEXT AND REFERENCE BOOKS:**

1. Electromagnetic: J.D. Kraus, McGraw Hill.

2. Microwave devices and circuits: S.Y. Liao, Prentice Hall.;

3. Solid State Electronic Devices: Ben G. Streetman, Pearson Publication, seventh edition.

4. Antenna Theory: Analysis and Design: Constantine A. Balanis, WileyPublication.4th edition.

5. Antenna theory and design: Robert S. Elliott, Prentice-Hall publication.

6. Broadband Micro strip Antennas: Girish Kumar, K. P. Ray, Artech House publication.

7. Microwave and Radar Engineering: M. Kulkarni, Umesh Publication.

**COURSE RESULTS:** It's a foundation of electronic communication systems.

#### M.Sc. Electronics and Communication / Semester -II / Elective -2 B

#### ARTIFICIAL INTELLIGENCE USING MACHINE LEARNING

**OBJECTIVES:** Artificial Intelligence and machine learning techniques and make the students to understand Machine Learning Models and Enrich the student skill in suggesting machine learning strategy applicable to the given problems.

CO1	Understanding AI problems and techniques	K3,K4
CO2	Understanding searching techniques	K2,K5
CO3	Acquiring knowledge about basics of machine learning`	K3,K4
CO4	Understand Linear Classification, Understand Multilayer neural Networks, Understand and analyze SVM and Soft SVM.	K1,K4,K5
CO5	Understanding nearest neighbor models, k-means clustering, k-d trees, Meta learning`	K2,K3
<b>K1</b> - Re	emember; <b>K2</b> - Understand; <b>K3</b> - Apply; <b>K4</b> - Analyze; <b>K5</b> - Evaluat	e; <b>K6</b> – Create

\*S-Strong; M-Medium; L-Low

Mapp	Mapping with Programme Outcomes									
COs	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	<b>PO7</b>	PO8	PO9	PO10
CO1	М	М	S	М	S	S	S	S	S	S
CO2	S	S	М	М	S	М	S	S	М	М
CO3	S	М	S	М	S	М	S	М	S	S
CO4	S	М	S	М	S	Μ	S	S	S	S
CO5	S	М	S	М	S	М	S	S	S	S

#### UNIT I

Introduction: AI Problems – AI techniques – Criteria for success. Problems, Problem Spaces, Search: State space search – Production Systems – Problem Characteristics – Issues in design of Search.

### UNIT - II

Heuristic Search techniques: Generate and Test – Hill Climbing – Best-Fist, Problem Reduction, Constraint Satisfaction, Means-end analysis.

#### UNIT - III

Machine Learning - Machine Learning Foundations – Overview – applications - Types of machine learning - basic concepts in machine learning- Examples of Machine Learning - Applications

## UNIT - IV

 $\label{eq:linear} Linear\ Models:\ Linear\ classification-Univariate\ linear\ regression-multivariate\ linear\ regression$ 

regularized regression – Logistic regression – perceptions – multilayer neural networks –
 learning neural networks structures – support vector machines – soft margin SVM –
 generalization and over fitting – regularization – validation

# Unit - V

Distance-Based Models: Nearest neighbor models – K-means – clustering around medoids – silhouettes – hierarchical clustering – k- d trees – locality sensitive hashing – non - parametric regression – ensemble learning – bagging and random forests – boosting – meta learning.

# **TEXT BOOKs:**

1. Elain Rich & Kevin Kaight – Artificial Intelligence - Tata McGraw Hill – Second Edition,

## **REFERENCES BOOKS:**

- 1. Stuart Russell and Peter Norvig, "Artificial Intelligence A Modern Approach", Fourth Edition, Pearson Education, 2021.
- 2. Ethem Alpaydin, "Introduction to Machine Learning", MIT Press, Fourth Edition, 2020.
- 3. Dan W. Patterson, "Introduction to Artificial Intelligence and Expert Systems", PearsonEducation,2007
- 4. Kevin Night, Elaine Rich, and Nair B., "Artificial Intelligence", McGraw Hill, 2008
- Patrick H. Winston, "Artificial Intelligence", Third Edition, Pearson Education, 2006
   Deepak Khemani, "Artificial Intelligence", Tata McGraw
  - Hill Education, 2013
- 7. Tom Mitchell, "Machine Learning", McGraw Hill, 3rd Edition, 1997.
- 8. Charu C. Aggarwal, "Data Classification Algorithms and Applications", CRC Press, 2014
- 9. Mehryar Mohri, Afshin Rostamizadeh, Ameet Talwalkar, "Foundations of Machine Learning", MIT Press, 2012.
- 10. Ian Goodfellow, Yoshua Bengio, Aaron Courville, "Deep Learning", MIT Press, 2016.

# M.Sc. Electronics and Communication / Semester -II / Practical - 3

# MICROCONTROLLER'S LAB

#### (ANY 10 USING HARDWARE /SOFTWARE)

**OBJECTIVES:** To get an in-depth knowledge on 8051 Microcontroller programming and its interfacing, and understand the programming and interfacing of AVR microcontroller

## PART I: 8051 Micro Controller Programming

1.Familiarize an Integrated Development Environment to create a project, Compiling an Embedded C program, Assembling and Simulation/Debugging IN MCU 8051 IDE 2.Write 8051 Programs in Assembly Language to verify arithmetic and logical operations.

3.Write 8051 Programs in C/ Assembly Language find the largest/smallest number. 4.Write 8051 Programs in C/ Assembly Language for sorting numbers in

ascending/descending order.

5. LED Interfacing and Delay Programming.

6. Square wave, Triangular and Sawtooth wave form generation.

7. Interfacing alphanumeric Liquid Crystal Display.

8.Interfacing 4x4 keypad.

9. Interfacing seven segment display.

# **PART II: AVR Experiments**

1. Basic AVR Programming using Assembly OR C (using AVR Studio/any compatible IDE) Addition, Subtraction, Multiplication, Ascending Order, Descending Order, Code Conversion, Memory Swapping.

2. LED Interfacing and Delay Programming.

3.Interfacing 16x2 alphanumeric Liquid Crystal Display.

4.Interfacing 4x4 keypad.

5.Interfacing stepper motor.

6.Interfacing seven segment display.

7.DC motor speed control.

8. Interfacing serial devices such as GSM modem/GPS systems etc.

9. Timer programming

10.Serial programming

11. Interrupt handling

**12.PWM** Generation

## **REFERENCE BOOKS:**

1. Mazidi, The 8051 Microcontrollers & Embedded Systems, Pearson Education.

2. The 8051 Microcontroller Architecture, programming and applications by Kenneth

J. Ayala, West publishing company

3. The AVR Microcontroller and Embedded Systems Using Assembly and C, By Muhammad Ali Mazidi, Sarmad Naimi and Sepehr Naimi, Pearson Education.

3. Programming and customizing the AVR Micro controller, By Dhananjay Gadre, McGraw Hill Education

4. AVR ATmega32 data sheet

5. ARM System Developer's Guide -Designing and Optimizing System Software by Andrew N Sloss, Dominic Symes and Chris Wright; Morgan Kaufman publishers, an imprint of Elsevier

7. The Definitive Guide to the ARM Cortex -M3 - Second Edition, by Joseph yiu, Newnes publishers an imprint of Elsevier

8. ARM System-on-Chip Architecture, 2/e, Steve Furber, Pearson

**COURSE RESULTS:** Students can get an in-depth knowledge of 8051 and AVR microcontrollers programming and their interfacing.

# M.Sc. Electronics and Communication / Semester -II / Practical - 4

### EMBEDDED SYSTEM DESIGN AND IOT LAB (ANY 10 USING HARDWARE /SOFTWARE)

**OBJECTIVES:** To provide a hands-on experience with PIC, ARM Microcontrollers programming and interfacing and Wireless IOT applications **List of experiments:** 

#### PART I: PIC 16F87X BASED EMBEDDED SYSTEMS & RTOS

- 1. Arithmetic and Logical programs
- 2. Square wave generation using ports
- 3. Matrix Key Board & LED interfacing
- 4. Single digit timer using seven segment displays
- 5.DC motor driving via H Bridge
- 6. DAC interface
- 7.ADC INTERFACE
- 8. LCD interface
- 9.Stepper motor control
- 10. PWM generation
- 11. Compare and capture operation program
- 12. Serial communication using RS232C
- 13. PIC to PIC communication using I2 C bus

#### **PART II: IOT APPLICATIONS**

#### i) WIRELESS DATA ACQUISITION USING SENSOR NODES

- 1.Setting up a WSN for smart home like applications
- 2.Implement and simulate network topologies using tools.
- 3.Connecting devices at the edge and to the cloud.
- 4. Processing data offline and in the cloud.

# ii) VARIOUS CONCEPTS OF EMBEDDED SYSTEM DESIGN

- 1. IDE's. Simulation and development tools
- 2. Implementing simple systems using ARM Cortex M devices
- 3.Design and implement interfaces for various applications
- 4. Design and realize application systems

**COURSE RESULTS:** Students can receive assembly level programming skills for future robotic and IOT applications.

### M.Sc. Electronics and Communication / Semester -II / Skill Enhancement Course (SEC) -1

#### **PCB DESIGNING TOOLS**

<b>OBJECTIVES:</b> To understand the basic concepts of power electronic devices and virtual
instrumentation with paradigm of programming languages.

CO1	Understand and review the fabrication of PCB.	K2,K5			
CO2	Explain steps for designing of PCB.	K2,K5			
CO3	Applythe layer designing concepts.	K3,K4			
CO4	Analyze the Kicard concepts pts.	K1,K4,K5			
CO5	Learn the KiCard tools designing and its applications.	K2,K6			
K1 - Remember; K2 - Understand; K3 - Apply; K4 - Analyze; K5 - Evaluate; K6 – Create					

#### S-Strong; M-Medium; L-Low

#### Mapping with Programme Outcomes

mappi	stapping with i rogramme outcomes										
COs	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	
CO1	М	М	S	М	S	М	S	S	S	S	
CO2	S	М	S	М	S	М	S	S	S	S	
CO3	М	М	S	М	S	М	S	S	S	S	
CO4	S	М	S	М	S	М	S	S	М	S	
CO5	S	М	S	M	S	М	S	S	S	S	

#### **UNIT-I: Fabricating Printed Circuit Boards:**

Schematic Capture-Schematic symbols-symbol properties-schematic generations-Generating a Netlist-Circuit Board placement and Routing basics - placement and routing guidelines-general placement considerations-General routing considerations.

#### **UNIT -II: ALTIUM DESIGNER-1**

Creating a New PCB Project-Creating a New Schematic Sheet-Adding Schematic Sheets to a Project Setting the Schematic Options-Drawing the Schematic-Locating the Component and Loading the Libraries-Placing the Components on Your Schematic-Wiring up the Circuit-Nets and Net Labels-Setting Up Project Options- Checking the Electrical Properties of Your Schematic -Compiling the Project.

#### **UNIT-III: ALTIUM DESIGNER-2**

Creating a New PCB Document-Transferring the Design- Updating the PCB-Designing the PCB-Setting Up the PCB Workspace-Defining the Layer Stack and Other Non-electrical Layers in a View Configuration -Setting Up New Design Rules-Positioning the Components on the PCB-Manually Routing the Board-Automatically Routing the Board-Viewing Your Board Design in 3D Mode-Creating and Importing 3D Bodies for Component Footprints-Verifying Your Board Design-Output Documentation-Manufacturing Output Files.

#### UNIT-IV : KiCad -1

KiCad Workflow-KiCad Workflow Overview-Forward and backward annotation-Draw electronic schematics-Using E schema-Bus connections in KiCad-Layout printed circuit boards-Using Pcbnew-Generate Gerber files- Using GerbView-Automatically route with Free Router-Forward annotation in KiCad

## UNIT-V :KiCad -2

Make schematic components in KiCad-Using Component Library Editor- Export, import and modify library components-Make schematic components with quicklib-Make a high pin count schematic component-Make component footprints-Using Footprint Editor

#### **TEXT AND REFERENCE BOOKS**

Varteresian J.-Fabricating Printed Circuit Boards-Newnes (2002)

Altium\_Getting Started with PCB Design

#### Getting Started in KiCad

**COURSE RESULTS:** The outcome of the students will be expertise theoretically and designing of PCB circuits using tool.

#### M.Sc. Electronics and Communication / Semester -III / Core -7

### ADVANCED POWER ELECTRONICS AND VIRTUAL INSTRUMENTATION

**OBJECTIVES:** To understand the basic concepts of power electronic devices and virtual instrumentation with paradigm of programming languages.

CO1	Understand and review the concepts of Power electronics.	K2,K5
CO2	Explain steps for evolution of vi and its architecture concepts.	K2,K5
CO3	Apply various technology GUI programming concepts.	K3,K4
CO4	Analyze the various statement concepts.	K1,K4,K5
CO5	Learn the multi-paradigm programming concepts and its applications.	K2,K6
<b>K1</b> - Rem	nember; <b>K2</b> - Understand; <b>K3</b> - Apply; <b>K4</b> - Analyze; <b>K5</b> - Evaluat	e; <b>K6</b> – Create

#### Strong; M-Medium; L-Low

Mapping with Programme Outcomes										
COs	<b>PO1</b>	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	<b>PO7</b>	PO8	PO9	PO10
CO1	М	М	S	Μ	S	М	S	S	S	S
CO2	S	М	S	М	S	М	S	S	S	S
CO3	М	М	S	М	S	М	S	S	S	S
CO4	S	М	S	М	S	М	S	S	М	S
CO5	S	М	S	М	S	М	S	S	S	S

# UNIT I

**POWER ELECTRONIC DEVICES:** Thyristor- characteristics - Turn-on methodscharacteristics-PUT-TRIAC-UJT- Phase controlled rectifier-Single phase half wave with RL load-Full wave-controlled converters-Commutation Techniques-Load-Resonant-pulse-Complementary-Impulse-External pulse- Line commutation. Chopper-Operation-Step Up-Types-Inverter-single phase bridge inverter-AC voltage controller-single phase voltage controller with R & RL load-Cyclo converter-single phase-step-up-step-down.

#### **UNIT II**

**INTRODUCTION OF VI:** Evolutions of VI, advantages, block diagram and architecture of a virtual instrument, data-flow techniques, Graphical programming, and comparison with conventional programming. Advantages of Virtual Instruments over conventional instruments– Hardware and software.

#### **UNIT III**

**GUI PROGRAMMING:** Graphical user interfaces – Controls and indicators – 'G' programming – Labels and Text –Shape, size and color – Owned and free labels – Data type, Format, Precision and representation – Data types – Data flow programming – Editing – Debugging and Running a Virtual Instrument – Graphical programming palettes and tools – Front panel objects – Functions and libraries.

#### UNIT IV

**FILE STATEMENTS:** Loops, WHILE Loops, CASE Structure, Formula nodes, Sequence structures – Arrays and Clusters– Array Operations – Bundle – Bundle/Unbundle by name, graphs and charts – String and file I/O – High-level and Low-level file I/O's – Attribute modes - Local and Global variables.

#### UNIT V

**MULTI-PARADIGM PROGRAMMING:** Introduction to multi-paradigm programming- basic features, creating variables, mathematical functions, basic plotting - overview, creating simple plots, adding titles, axis labels, and annotations, multiple data sets in one plot, specifying line styles and colours. Matrix generation - Entering a vector, entering a matrix, Matrix indexing, Colon operator, Linear spacing, Colon operator in a matrix, creating a sub-matrix, deleting row or column.

## **TEXT BOOKS:**

1. Power Electronics - Dr.P.S. BIMBHRA

2. Gary Johnson, Richard Jennings, "Lab VIEW Graphical Programming", Third Edition, McGraw Hill, New York, 2006.

3. Sanjay Gupta and Joseph John, "Virtual Instrumentation using Lab VIEW", TataMcGraw-Hill, First Edition, 2005.

4. "MATLAB A Practical Approach" by Stormy Attaway.

#### **REFERENCE BOOKS:**

- 1. Power Electronics -MUHAMMAD H RASHID
- 2. "Virtual Instrumentation using Lab VIEW" by Jovitha Jerome second edition 2010.PHI Publishers, New Delhi.
- 3. Octave/Matlab Primer and Applications: EZ Guide to Commands and Graphics (GNU Octave Matlab Tutorial Series) by Dr S. Nakamura, Published by Create Space Independent Publishing Platform
- 4. GNU Octave Beginner's Guide by Jesper Schmidt Hansen, Packt Publishing.
- 5. Python Tricks: A Buffet of Awesome Python Features by Dan Bader, Publisher: Dan Bader
- 6. Python for Everybody: Exploring Data in Python 3by Dr. Charles Russell Severance (Author), Sue Blumenberg (Editor), Elliott Hauser (Editor). Publisher: CreateSpace Independent Publishing Platform.

**COURSE RESULTS:** The outcome of the students will be expertise theoretically with a virtual instrumentation by LABVIEW programming.

#### M.Sc. Electronics and Communication / Semester -III / Core - 8

#### MOBILE, OPTICAL AND DATA COMMUNICATION SYSTEMS

**OBJECTIVES**: Expanding use of mobile, optical, and digital communication systems will benefit significantly to the students.

CO1	Understand the mobile communication and the technology concepts.	K2,K4						
CO2	Explain steps for networking concepts and generation developments.	K2,K5						
CO3	Apply various technology in optical fibers systems.	K3,K4						
CO4	Analyze data communication concepts	K1,K4,K5						
CO5	Understand the data networks and blue tooth configurations	K2,K6						
<b>K1</b> - Ren	K1 - Remember; K2 - Understand; K3 - Apply; K4 - Analyze; K5 - Evaluate; K6 - Create							

S-Strong; M-Medium; L-Low

Mapp	Mapping with Programme Outcomes											
COs	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO 6	P 07	PO8	PO 9	PO10		
CO1	М	M	S	М	S	M	S	S	S	М		
CO2	S	М	S	М	S	М	S	S	S	S		
CO3	S	М	S	М	S	М	S	S	S	S		
CO4	М	М	S	М	S	M	М	S	S	S		
CO5	S	М	S	М	S	М	S	S	S	S		

#### UNIT I

**MOBILE COMMUNICATION:** Mobile communication systems, cellular concepts, role of base station and mobile switching centers, Hands-off considerations, frequency reuse, roaming, SMS, GSM, GPRS, CDMA and EDGE architecture, SAR and IMEI.

## UNIT II

**TELECOMMUNICATION NETWORKS:** Telecommunication Network management overview, Wireless Network fundamentals, OSI model layers, architecture, broadband systems. Introduction to Emerging technologies IP multimedia systems, GSM/CDMA, Wi-Fi, Wi-Max, Blue Tooth, 3G/4G &5G Next Gen. Networks (NGN), IP/ mobile TV

## UNIT III

**OPTICAL FIBERS:** Evolution of fiber optic system- Element of an Optical Fiber Transmission link- Ray Optics-Optical Fiber Modes and Configurations –Mode theory of Circular Wave guides- Overview of Modes-Key Modal concepts- Linearly Polarized Modes – Single Mode Fibers-Graded Index fiber structure. Attenuation – Absorption losses, Scattering losses, Bending Losses, Core and Cladding losses, Signal Distortion in Optical Wave guides-Information Capacity determination.

#### UNIT IV

**DATA COMMUNICATION:** Data communication networks and services, application and layered architecture, OSI model, IEEE 802.3 and IEEE 802.11, Network topologies, LAN and MAC, Data link control, Bridging, switching, addressing, Transmission systems, circuit switching networks, routing, signaling and traffic management

## UNIT V

**DATA NETWORKING:** Packet switching networks, Internetworking – Repeaters, bridges, routers and gateways. Introduction to Routing protocols TCP/IP and Internetworking, TCP/IP protocol suite TCP/IP Sockets Client-Server, computing, Name Service, Application protocols over TCP/IP, IPV6, network architectures and protocols, network security, ATM Networks, High speed LANs – Fast and Gigabit Ethernet, FDDI. Wireless LANs. Bluetooth and Wi-Fi WLAN.

#### **TEXT AND REFERENCE BOOKS:**

1. Telecommunication T. Vishwanathan, PHI

2. Mobile Cellular Telecommunications, W.C.Y. Lee, McGraw Hill

3. Future Developments in Telecommunication, J. Martin, PrenticeHall

4. Gerd Keiser, "Optical Fiber Communication" McGraw -Hill International,

Singapore, 3rd ed.,2000

5. Data Networks D. Bertsekas, R. Gallagher

6.Computer Networking Tanenbaum, PHI

7. Computer Networks U.Black, PHI

**COURSE RESULTS:** Students can understand the growing importance of mobile, optical and data communication system.

#### M.Sc. Electronics and Communication / Semester -III / Core 9 A:

#### **RESEARCH METHODOLOGY**

**OBJECTIVES:** It is a way to systematically solve a research problem and It is a science of studying how research is done scientifically

	studying now research is done scientificany.		
<b>CO1</b>	Understand the basics of Research, Types of Research,	K2,K5	
	Research Methods and Methodology		
CO2	Explain steps of Sampling Design, Steps in Sampling	K2,K5	
	Design, Types of Sampling Design		
CO3	Learning and apply the various data acquisition and analysis	K3,K4	
	technology.		
CO4	Analyze the various research techniques.	K1,K4,K5	
CO5	Apply and of Variance and Covariance ANOVA, One way	K2,K6	
	ANOVA and Two Way ANOVA.		
<b>K1</b> - Rem	nember; K2 - Understand; K3 - Apply; K4 - Analyze; K5 - Evaluat	e; <b>K6</b> – Create	

#### S-Strong; M-Medium; L-Low

Марр	Mapping with Programme Outcomes											
COs	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10		
CO1	S	S	S	М	S	М	S	S	S	S		
CO2	S	М	S	S	S	М	S	S	S	S		
CO3	S	S S	S	М	S	S	S	S	S	S		
CO4	S	М	S	М	S	М	S	S	S	S		
CO5	S	S	S	М	S	М	S	S	S	S		

#### UNIT I

**RESEARCH METHODOLOGY**: An Introduction Objectives of Research, Types of Research, Research Methods and Methodology, defining a Research Problem, Techniques involved in Defining a Problem. Research Design Need for Research Design, Features of Good Design, Different Research Designs, Basic Principles of Experimental Designs.

#### **UNIT II**

**SAMPLES:** Sampling Design, Steps in Sampling Design, Types of Sampling Design, Sampling Fundamentals, Estimation, Sample size Determination, Random sampling. Measurement and Scaling Techniques Measurement in Research, Measurement Scales, Sources in Error, Techniques of Developing Measurement Tools, Scaling, Meaning of Scale, Scale Construction Techniques.

#### **UNIT III**

**DATA ACQUISITION AND ANALYSIS:** Methods of Data Collection and Analysis Collection of Primary and Secondary Data, Selection of appropriate method Data Processing Operations, Elements of Analysis, Statistics in Research, Measures of Dispersion, Measures of Skewness, Regression Analysis, Correlation.

#### UNIT IV

**RESEARCH TECHNIQUES:** Techniques of Hypotheses, Parametric or Standard Tests

Basic concepts, Tests for Hypotheses I and II, Important parameters limitations of the tests of Hypotheses. Chi-square Test, Comparing Variance, As a nonparametric Test, Conversion of Chi to Phi, Caution in using Chi-square test.

#### UNIT V

**ANOVA TECHNIQUES:** Analysis of Variance and Covariance ANOVA, One way ANOVA, Two Way ANOVA, ANOCOVA Assumptions in ANOCOVA, Multivariate Analysis Technique Classification of Multivariate Analysis, factor Analysis, R-type Q Type Factor Analysis, Path Analysis.

#### **TEXT AND REFERENCE BOOKS:**

1. "Research Methodology", C.R. Kothari, Wiley Eastern.

2. "Formulation of Hypothesis", Wilkinson K.P, L Bhandarkar, Himalaya Publication Bombay.

3."Research in Education", John W Best and V. Kahn, PHI Publication.

4."Research Methodology A step by step guide for beginners", Ranjit Kumar, Pearson Education 5."Management Research Methodology Integration of principles, methods and Techniques", K.N. Krishna swami and others, Pearson Education.

COURSE RESULTS: Students get an idea about research and research methodologies

## M.Sc. Electronics and Communication / Semester -III / Core-9 B:

#### **SMART MANUFACTURING**

**Objectives:** To introduce students to fundamentals of Manufacturing, To familiarize with selection of sensors for various application, and to learn the basics of agent-based manufacturing and Understand Cyber physical Manufacturing systems.

CO1	Appraise concepts and basic framework necessary for smart manufacturing.	K2,K3						
CO2	Discuss current trends at system level in manufacturing organizations	K3,K5						
CO3	Selection of sensors for various applications.	K3,K4						
CO4	Dramatize IoT based manufacturing systems.	K1,K2,K5						
CO5	Describe industry 4.0 concepts at manufacturing systems.	K3,K6						
<b>K1</b> - Rem	K1 - Remember; K2 - Understand; K3 - Apply; K4 - Analyze; K5 - Evaluate; K6 - Create							

S-Strong; M-Medium; L-Low

Mappi	Mapping with Programme Outcomes												
COs	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	<b>PO7</b>	PO8	PO9	PO1 0			
CO1	S	М	L	S	L	М	S	М	L	\$ S			
CO2	М	S	L	S	М	L	S	L	S	L			
C03	L	S	М	L	S	М	S	L	М	L			
C04	S	L	М	L	S	L	М	S	L	М			
C05	М	L	S	М	L	S	М	L	М	М			

## UNIT I

**Introduction** – Role of sensors in manufacturing automation – operation principles of different sensors – electrical, optical, acoustic, pneumatic, magnetic, electro-optical and vision sensors. Condition monitoring of manufacturing systems – principles – sensors for monitoring force, vibration and noise, selection of sensors and monitoring techniques. Automatic identification techniques for shop floor control – optical character and machine vision sensors – smart /intelligent sensors – integrated sensors, Robot sensors, Micro sensors, Nano sensors

## Unit II

**Data Analytics**: Introduction to Data and Analytics in a Digital Context (Internet of Things), Product Data Management for Design and Manufacturing (PLM Tools), Typical data challenges (data quality, enrichment, integration of ERP & PLM data), Preparing data for analytics (techniques to improve data quality, integration - ETL) Advances in data visualization & related tools- Statistical Techniques for Analytics, Descriptive Statistics, Inferential statistics, Regression and ANOVA

#### **Unit III**

## **Cyber Physical Systems:**

Concept of Cyber Physical Systems (CPS) and Cyber Physical Production System (CPPS), System Architecture for implementation of CPPS, Components for CPPS, Communication for CPPS.

## UNIT IV

E- Manufacturing: Introduction of Agent based manufacturing- agent based Manufacturing, Cloud Based Manufacturing Information technology-based Supply chain, Concept of agile manufacturing and E-manufacturing

## UNIT V

Industry 5.0: Evaluation of industries, Introduction to Industry 5.0, Challenges in industry 5.0, Impact of Industry 5.0, Case studies on industry 5.0, Introduction to Internet of Things (IoT) and its applications,Smart supply chain and Case studies.

## **TEXT BOOK(S)**

- Bahga and V. Madisetti, Internet of Things, A hands-on approach, Create Space Independent Publishing Platform, 1st edition, 2014, ISBN: 978-0996025515
- 2. Bahga and V. Madisetti, Cloud Computing, A hands-on approach, CreateSpace Independent Publishing Platform, 1st edition, 2013, ISBN: 978-1494435141
- 3. M. Skilton and F. Hovsepian, The 4th Industrial Revolution: Responding to theImpact of Artificial Intelligence on Business, Springer Nature, 2017, ISBN: 978-3-319-62479-2

## **REFERENCE BOOKS**

1. Gilchirst, Industry 4.0: The Industrial Internet of Things, A press (Springer), 1st Edition, 2016, ISBN:978-1-4842-2046-7

2. S. Jeschke, C. Brecher, H. Song, and D. B. Rawat, Industrial Internet of Things: Cyber manufacturingSystems, Springer, 1st edition, 2017, ISBN: 978-3319425580

3. T. Erl, Z. Mahmood, and R. Puttini, Cloud Computing: Concepts, Technology & Architecture, Prentice Hall, 1st edition, 2013, ISBN: 978-0133387520.

4. N. Viswanandham, Y. Narhari "Performance Modeling of Automated Manufacturing Systems" Prentice-Hall, 1st Edition, 1994, ISBN: 978-8120308701

5. S. K. Saha, Introduction to Robotics, Tata Mcgraw Hill Education Private Limited, 2nd Edition, ISBN: 978-9332902800

## M.Sc. Electronics and Communication / Semester -III / Elective -3

## A: DIGITAL SIGNAL AND IMAGE PROCESSING

**OBJECTIVES:** It gives the knowledge to transform an image into digital form and performs some process of it, and o understands the operations, analysis and applications of image processing and to study about discrete time systems and to learn about FFT algorithms.

CO1	Understand The Concepts of Signals And Systems And Filter Concepts.	K2,K5
CO2	Explain The Concepts of Finite Impulse Response (Fir) Filters	K2,K5
CO3	Apply Various Discrete Fourier Transform.	K3,K4
CO4	An analyze The Finite Word Length Effects in DigitalFilters.	K1,K4,K5
CO5	Understand The Filters And Processing Of Image And Digital Processing	K2,K6
K1 – R Create	Remember; <b>K2</b> – Understand; <b>K3</b> – Apply; <b>K4</b> – Analyze; <b>K5</b> –	Evaluate; <b>K6</b> –

## S-Strong; M-Medium; L-Low

Mapp	Mapping with Programme Outcomes											
Cos	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10		
CO1	S	M	S	М	S	М	S	S	S	S		
CO2	S	М	S	М	S	М	S	S	S	S		
CO3	S	М	S	М	S	М	S	S	S	S		
CO4	S	М	S	М	S	М	S	S	S	S		
CO5	S	М	S	М	S	М	S	S	S	S		

## UNIT I

**REVIEW OF SIGNALS AND SYSTEMS:** Introduction - advantages and limitations of Digital Signal Processing. Infinite Impulse Response (IIR) Filters - Signal Flowgraph-Basic Network structure for IIR filter- Direct- Cascade- Parallel Forms. Design of IIR Digital filters from analog filters- Butterworth design- Chebyshev design- design based on numerical solutions of differential equations- Impulse Invariant Transformation.

#### **UNIT II**

**FINITE IMPULSE RESPONSE (FIR) FILTERS:** Linear phase FIR filters- Frequency response of linear phase FIR filters - Location of the zeros of linear phase FIR filters. Realization of FIR- cascade - lattice design-Fourier Series method- using windows-rectangular- triangular or Barlett windows- Hanning- Hamming- Blackman- Kaiser windows.

## UNIT III

**DISCRETE FOURIER TRANSFORM:** Properties-Circular convolution- Linear Convolution using DFT- relation between Z- Transform and DFT- Fast Fourier Transform; decimation – in time and Frequency - FFT algorithms – General Computation using Radix 2 algorithm.

#### UNIT IV

**FINITE WORD LENGTH EFFECTS IN DIGITAL FILTERS:** Introduction- Number Representation - Fixed Point- Sign-Magnitude - One's- complement- Two's - complement forms -Addition of two fixed point numbers- Multiplication in Fixed Point arithmetic - Floating point numbers- Block floating point numbers- quantization - truncation- rounding - effects due to truncation and rounding- Input quantization error - Product quantization error - Co-efficient quantization error- zero-input limit cycle Oscillations - Overflow limit cycle Oscillations - Scaling- Quantization in Floating Point realization IIR digital filters - Finite Word Length Effects in FIR Digital Filters- Quantization effects in the Computation of the DFT- quantization errors in FFT algorithms.

#### UNIT V

**IMAGE AND DIGITAL PROCESSING:** Image acquisition, Image representations, Image digitalization, Sampling, Quantization, Histograms, Image Quality, Noise in Images, Basic operations on images, Image Enhancement, Pixel intensity transformations, Histogram equalization and matching, noise removal, Edge sharpening, Spatial Filtering, Image smoothing, Morphological operations: erosion, dilation. Image processing applications, Machine Vision, Blob analysis, Metrology, Feature extraction, Pattern Matching. Speech Processing- speech analysis- speech coding- sub band coding- channel vecoder- homomorphic vocoder- digital processing of audio signals- Radar signal processing- DSP based measurements systems.

#### **TEXT AND REFERENCE BOOKS:**

1. Digital signal processing: Ifechor- Pearson edn.

2. Desecrate time signal processing: Oppenhiem- Pearson edn.

3.Digital signal processing: Oppenhiem and Sheffer- PHI

4. Introduction to Digital signal processing: Johny R Johnson

5. Digital signal processing: Proakis and Manolakis.

6. Digital signal processing: P Ramesh Babu- Scitech Pub

7. Digital Image Processing Rafael C. Gonzalez, Richard E. Woods, Prentice Hall

8. Fundamentals of Digital Image Processing, A.K. Jain, Prentice Hall

**COURSE RESULTS:** Students can able to understand the properties of the randomsignals and images and how to process it.

## M.Sc. Electronics and Communication / Semester -III / Elective -3B

## INDUSTRIAL AUTOMATION

#### **OBJECTIVES**:

Provide knowledge about industrial automation process and controlling concepts using plc etc..

CO1	learn the introduction of plc, ladder diagram fundamentals	K1,K5
CO2	understand the programmable logic controller &fundamental programming	K2,K5
CO3	learn the concepts advanced programming techniques and overview of mnemonic programming code	K3,K4
CO4	provide the basic knowledge of wiring techniques, analog i/o & sensors	K1,K4,K5
CO5	impart knowledge on working in omron & keyence ide with ladder logic	K2,K6
K1 – Reme	ember; K2 – Understand; K3 – Apply; K4 – Analyze; K5 – Evaluat	e; K6 – Create

#### S-Strong; M-Medium; L-Low

Mapp	Mapping with Programme Outcomes										
COs	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	
CO1	М	S	М	L	L	М	М	S	S	S	
CO2	М	S	М	L	L	S	М	М	S	S	
CO3	S	S	S	S	S	S	S	S	S	S	

#### UNIT I INTRODUCTION TO PLC, LADDER DIAGRAM FUNDAMENTALS

Introduction to PLC – PLC Vs Microcontroller – Basic Components and their Symbols – Control Transformers – Fuses – Switches – Relays – Time Delay Relays – Fundamentals of Ladder Diagram – Basic diagram framework – Wiring Reference Designators – Boolean Logic & Relay Logic – AND-OR & OR-AND

– Ground Test– The Latch – Two handed Anti-Tie Down, Anti-Repeat – Combined Circuit – Machine Control Terminology.

# UNIT-II: PROGRAMMABLE LOGIC CONTROLLER &FUNDAMENTAL PROGRAMMING PLC Configurations – System Block Diagram – Update – Solve the Ladder – Physical Components Vs Program components – Light Control – Internal Relays – Disagreement Circuit - Majority Circuits – Oscillators – Holding Contacts - Always ON& OFF Contacts –Ladder Diagrams having complex Rung.

## UNIT - III: ADVANCED PROGRAMMING TECHNIQUES AND OVERVIEW OF MNEMONIC PROGRAMMING CODE

Ladder Program execution Sequence – One Shot– JK-Flip Flop – Counters – Sequencers – Timers – Master control relays and control Zones – AND Ladder Rung – Entering Normally Closed Contacts – OR Ladder Rung – Simple Branches – Complex Branches.

#### UNIT- IV: WIRING TECHNIQUES, ANALOG I/O & SENSORS

PLC Power Connection – input wiring – Inputs having a single common – Isolated inputs – Output wiring – Relay outputs – Solid state outputs – Analog (A/D) inputs – Analog (D/A) output – Sensor Output classification – Connecting Discrete sensors to PLC inputs – Proximity sensors – Optical Proximity Sensors.

#### UNIT- V: WORKING IN OMRON & KEYENCE IDE WITH LADDER LOGIC

Introduction to OMRON & KEYENCE – Creating a project – Ladder Programming – Compiling and Executing – Ladder Programs – Logic Gate functions (AND, OR, NOT, NAND, NOR, XOR) – Using Timers (ON delay timer, OFF delay timer, one shot pulse, flashing pulse), Counters – Using Calendar functions

#### **TEXT BOOKS:**

1. John R. Hackworth, Frederick D. Hackworth, Jr., "Programmable Logic Controllers, Programming Methods and Applications", New Delhi: Pearson Education, 3rd edition.

**COURSE RESULTS:** students can able to understand automated system concepts and plc mnemonic coding procedures.

## M.Sc. Electronics and Communication / Semester -III / Core 10 Practical – 5

#### **ADVANCED COMMUNICATION LAB** (ANY -10 USING HARDWARE /SOFTWARE)

**OBJECTIVES:** The students can familiarize with basic analog communication systems. Integrate theory with experiments so that the students appreciate the knowledge gained from the theory course.

#### List of Experiments:

- 1. Pulse amplitude modulation and demodulation
- 2. Verification of sampling theorem
- 3.Pulse position modulation
- 4.Pulse width modulation
- 5. Amplitude shift keying modulation and demodulation
- 6.Frequency shift keying modulation and demodulation
- 7.Phase shift keying modulation and demodulation

8.Mixer

- 9. Automatic gain control
- 10. P.C.M system using codec
- 11. Delta Modulation, Adaptive Delta Modulation
- 12. PLL and Frequency synthesizer
- 13. Frequency multiplier
- 14. P.R.B.S. Generator

## **MATLAB Experiments**

- 15. Digital Modulation and Demodulation ASK
- 16. FSK
- 17. PSK
- 18. QPSK
- 19. Generation of Signals
- 20<sup>Sampling</sup> and Effect of

aliasing

**COURSE RESULTS:** Students acquired the knowledge of different types of communication signals, modulation, demodulation, mixing and so on.

## M.Sc. Electronics and Communication / Semester -III /Ppr.no.22 / Core10 practical-6

## DSP MATLAB AND LABVIEW INSTRUMENTATION LAB

## **OBJECTIVES:**

To familiarize MATLAB programming and its applications in DSP and the students familiarize with DSP AND LABVIEW software's. Integrate theory with experiments using these software's so that the students receive knowledge from the theory course.

Experiments should be completed at least 50% of the both labs.

#### PART -1: DSP MATLAB experiments:

- 1. Verification of sampling theorem.
- 2. Impulse response of a given system
- 3. Linear convolution of two given sequences.
- 4. Circular convolution of two given sequences
- 5. Autocorrelation of a given sequence and verification of its properties. Cross correlation of given sequences and verification of its properties Solving a given difference equation.
- 6. Computation of N point DFT of a given sequence and to plot magnitude and phase Spectrum. Linear convolution of two sequences using DFT and IDFT.
- 7. Circular convolution of two given sequences using DFT and IDFT
- 8. Design and implementation of FIR filter to meet given specifications.
- 9. Design and implementation of IIR filter to meet given specifications.
- 10. Implementation of FFT of a given sequence.
- 11. Generation of DTMF signals.
- 12. Implementation of Decimation Process.
- 13. Implementation of Interpolation Process.

## PART -2: Virtual Instrumentation by LABVIEW:

1. Create a VI for performing addition/subtraction/multiplication/division of given numbers. If answer is above 100 indicate it using LED.

- 2. Design a display for the basic calculator keypad. (Event structure)
- 3. Creating a VI for waveform generation and manipulations.
- 4. Design a water level control system. (Shift register)

5. Create a VI to acquire waveform data from signal generator and store the waveform data in array. (Accuracy of stored data)

6. Create a VI to acquire and plot temperature sensor data. (Sampling parameter variations)

## **TEXT AND REFERENCE BOOKS:**

- 1. Analog electronics with LabVIEW- Kenneth L. Ashley
- 2. Virtual-Instrumentation-Using-LabVIEW- Jovitha Jerome, PHI Learning Private Limited(2010) 3.PC Interfacing for Data Acquisition and Process Control- Gupta, S. and Gupta,
- 4.J. P. Instrument Society of America (1988).
- 5. Ashok Ambardar. 'Analog and Digital Signal Processing'
- 6. MATLAB: An Introduction with Applications, 4ed Paperback 2012by Amos Gila- Wiley

**COURSE RESULTS:** Students will be well-versed with MATLAB and LABVIEW programming.

## M.Sc. Electronics and Communication / Semester -III / Skill Enhancement Course (SEC)-2

## **ROBOTICS AND AUTOMATION**

## **OBJECTIVES:**

1.Study the various parts of robots and fields of robotics. 2.Study the various kinematics and inverse kinematics of robots.

3. Study the Euler, Lagrangian formulation and trajectory planning of Robot dynamics.

5. Study the Euler, Eagrangian formulation and trajectory plaining of Robot (

4.Study the control of robots for some specific applications.

Educate on various path planning techniques and dynamics and control of manipulators

CO1	Understand the evolution of Robot technology and mathematically represent different types of robot.	K2,K5
CO2	Get exposed to the case studies and design of robot machine interface.	K2,K5
CO3	Familiarize various control schemes of Robotics control.	K3,K4
CO4	Analyze the integration of steps in CMOS IC chip fabrication.	K1,K4,K5
CO5	Apply intrusion prevention techniques to prevent intrusion Build CMOS-based used in the electronics industry	K2,K6
K1 - Remem	ber; <b>K2</b> - Understand; <b>K3</b> - Apply; <b>K4</b> - Analyze; <b>K5</b> - Evaluate; <b>K</b>	<b>K6</b> – Create

## S-Strong; M-Medium; L-Low

Марр	Mapping with Programme Outcomes											
COs	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10		
CO1	S	М	S	S	М	М	S	М	S	S		
CO2	S	М	М	S	М	М	S	S	S	S		
CO3	S	М	S	S	М	S	S	S	S	S		
CO4	S	М	М	S	М	М	S	S	S	S		
CO5	S	М	S	S	М	S	S	S	S	S		

## Unit: I Basic Concept:

Definition and origin of robotics – different types of robotics – various generations of robots – degrees of freedom – Robot classifications and specifications- Asimov's laws of robotics – dynamic stabilization of robots

## Unit: II Power Sources, Sensors and Actuators

Hydraulic, pneumatic and electric drives: Design and control issues – determination of HP of motor and gearing ratio – variable speed arrangements – path determination – micro machines in robotics – machine vision – ranging – laser – acoustic – magnetic, fiber optic and tactile sensors.

## Unit: III Manipulators and Grippers Differential Motion

Construction of manipulators – manipulator dynamics and force control – electronic and pneumatic manipulator control circuits – end effectors – U various types of grippers – design considerations.

## Unit: IV Kinematics and Path Planning

Linear and angular velocities-Manipulator Jacobian-Prismatic and rotary joints–Inverse -Wrist and arm singularity - Static analysis - Force and moment Balance Solution kinematics problem – robot programming languages.

## Unit: V Dynamics and Control and Applications

Lagrangian mechanics-2DOF Manipulator-Lagrange Euler formulation - Dynamic model – Manipulator control problem-Linear control schemes-PID control scheme-Force control of robotic manipulator. Multiple robots – machine interface – robots in manufacturing and non-manufacturing applications – robot cell design – selection of robot.

## **TEXT BOOK(S)**

- 1 Mikell P. Weiss G.M., Nagel R.N., Odraj N.G., Industrial Robotics, McGraw-Hill Singapore, 2015.
- 2 Saeed B Niku, Introduction to Robotics, Analysis, Systems, Applications Prentice Hall, 3 edition 2104.

## **REFERENCE BOOKS**

- 1 Deb.S.R., Robotics technology and flexible Automation, John Wiley, USA 1992.
- 2 Asfahl C.R., Robots and manufacturing Automation, John Wiley, USA 1992.
- 3 Klafter R.D., Chimielewski T.A., Negin M., Robotic Engineering An integrated approach, Prentice Hall of India, New Delhi, 1994.
- 4 R.K.Mittal and I.J.Nagrath, Robotics and Control, Tata McGraw Hill, New Delhi,4th Reprint, 2005
- 5 John J.Craig, Introduction to Robotics Mechanics and Control, Third edition, Pearson Education, 2009.
- 6 Issac Asimov I Robot, Ballantine Books, New York, 1986.

**COURSE RESULTS:** Students can able to Identify ROBOTICS operations and architecture designing procedures.

## M.Sc. Electronics and Communication / Semester -III / INTERNSHIP/ INDUSTRIAL ACTIVITY

#### **OBJECTIVES:**

- i) To develop skills by visiting nearby industries / organizations.
- ii) Acquire the knowledge and receive guidance from other various tasks or sources of their field visitsor survey or study.
- iii) Formulate and identify the real-world problem, practical difficulties, identify the requirement and develop the solutions according to their field work or internship study.
- iv) Identify technical ideas, strategies and methodologies.
- v) Utilize the new tools, algorithms, techniques that contribute to obtain the solution of the work.
- vi) Explain the acquired knowledge through preparation of report and oral presentations.

This can be an individual work or activity for PG students. Students are advised to select their own field work or study as per the expert guidance receives from the teaching faculties of their own institution. Periodical assessment may be done to evaluate their skills. Students will be permitted to visit nearby industries without affecting their regular theory and practical subjects. No marks will be given for field work.

## M.Sc. Electronics and Communication / Semester -IV / Core - 11

## INTRODUCTION OF PYTHON AND ANDROID APPLICATION TOOLS DEVELOPMENT

## **OBJECTIVES:**

• Understand the Python programming basics including functions, variables, and data types, classes and objects, etc.,

- Manipulate and output data using arrays, loops, and operators
- Have a solid understanding of Python syntax
- Understand the Android programming basics with developing application tools

C01	Understand the python language and programming concepts and its applications.	K2,K5
CO2	Applying the various statements and concepts.	K2,K5
CO3	Understand the classes and objects.	K3,K4
CO4	Analyze exception concepts and applications	K1,K4,K5
CO5	Understand and Apply android concepts.	K2,K6
<b>K1</b> - Rem	ember; <b>K2</b> - Understand; <b>K3</b> - Apply; <b>K4</b> - Analyze; <b>K5</b> - Evaluate	e; <b>K6</b> – Create

## • S-Strong; M-Medium; L-Low

Марр	Mapping with Programme Outcomes											
COs	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	<b>PO8</b>	PO9	PO10		
CO1	S	М	S	М	S	М	S	S	S	S		
CO2	S	М	S	М	S	М	S	S	S	S		
CO3	S	М	S	М	S	М	S	S	S	S		
CO4	S	М	S	М	S	М	S	S	S	S		
CO5	S	М	S	М	S	М	S	S	S	S		

## UNIT I

**PYTHON INTRODUCTION:** Introduction to Python – Features of Python, Python Virtual Machine (PVM), Memory management in Python, Comparison between C and Python. Writing and execution of a Python program, Input & Output statements. Data types–Built-in type, Bold data type, Sequences, Sets, Literals, Constants, Identifiers and Reserved words, Naming conventions in Python. Strings and Characters – Creating Strings, Escape Characters, String formatting operators, String formatting functions. **Operators** - Arithmetic, Assignment, Unary minus, Relational, Logical, Boolean, Bitwise, Membership and Identity Operators, Mathematical functions. Lists – creating lists, updating the elements in a list, Built in list operators - concatenation, repetition & membership, Built-in List Methods. Tuples – creating tuples, accessing tuple elements, basic operations on tuples, functions to process tuples. Dictionaries – creating dictionaries, Operations on Dictionaries, Data type conversions.

#### UNIT II

**STATEMENTS AND FUNCTIONS:** Control statements – Conditional Statements: if statement, if...else statement, nested if statement, Looping: while loop, for loop, infinite loops, nested loops, Control Statements: break statement, continue statement, pass

statement, assert statement, return statement.

**Arrays**- creating an array, Importing the array module, Indexing and Slicing on arrays, Types of arrays, working with arrays using numpy, Mathematical operations on arrays.

Functions – Function definition, Function call, returning from a function, returning multiple values, Function arguments- formal & actual, positional, keyword, default, variable length arguments, Local & Global variables, passing a group of elements to a function, Recursive functions, Anonymous functions or Lambada's.

## UNIT III

**CLASSES AND OBJECTS:** Creating a Class, the self-variable, Constructor, Types of variables, Namespaces, Types of Methods, passing members of one class to another class, Inner classes, Inheritance and Polymorphism- Constructors in Inheritance, Overriding super class constructors and Methods, the super () Method, Types of Inheritance. Polymorphism-Operator over loading, Method overloading, Method overriding.

#### **UNIT IV**

**EXCEPTIONS:** Errors in Python Programming, Exceptions, Exception handling, Types of Exceptions, the except block, the assert statement, user defined exceptions, logging the Exceptions.

**Files-** Types, Opening and Closing a file, working with text and binary files, knowing whether a file exist or not, the with statement, Pickles, seek () and tell methods, Working with Directories, Regular expressions, Sequence characters, Quantifiers and Special Characters in regular expressions, using regular expressions on files.

#### UNIT V

**DEVELOPING FOR ANDROID:** Downloading and Installing the Android SDK – Developing with Eclipse – Using the Android Developer tools Plug-In for Eclipse – Support Package. First Android Application: New Android Project – Android Virtual Device – Launch Configurations – Running and Debugging Android Application – Types of Android applications – Android Development Tools.

#### **TEXT AND REFERENCE BOOKS:**

1.Core Python Programming – Dr. Nageswara Rao, 2017 edition, Dreamtech Press. 2.Introduction to Computing and Problem-Solving Using Python – E Balaguruswamy, 1e/Mc Graw Hill.

3.Reto Meier. 2012. Professional Android 4 Application Development. Wiley India Pvt Ltd.4.Charlie Collins and Michael Galpin. 2012. Android in Practice. Manning Publications Co.5.Zigurd Mednieks and Laird Dornin. 2011. Programming Android. O'Reilly Media, Inc, New York.

**COURSE RESULTS:** Students can able to design and programming in python and android applications.

#### M.Sc. Electronics and Communication / Semester -IV / Core -12

#### VLSI DESIGN AND VHDL PROGRAMMING

**OBJECTIVES:** To study HDL based design approach and to learn digital CMOS logic design.

CO1	Relate technology changes from semiconductor manufacturing industry	K2,K5
CO2	Explain steps for making silicon wafers from sand	K2,K5
CO3	Apply various technology involved in manufacturing.	K3,K4
CO4	Analyze the integration of steps in CMOS IC chip fabrication.	K1,K4,K5
CO5	Apply intrusion prevention techniques to prevent intrusion Build	K2,K6
	CMOS-based used in the electronics industry	
<b>K1</b> - R	emember; <b>K2</b> - Understand; <b>K3</b> - Apply; <b>K4</b> - Analyze; <b>K5</b> - Evaluate	e; <b>K6</b> – Create

S-Strong; M-Medium; L-Low

## Mapping with Programme Outcomes

Mapping with Frequences												
COs	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO 6	P 07	PO8	PO 9	PO10		
CO1	S	М	S	М	S	М	S	S	S	S		
CO2	S	М	S	М	S	M	S	S	S	S		
CO3	S	М	S	М	S	М	S	S	S	S		
CO4	S	М	S	М	S	М	S	S	S	S		
CO5	S	М	S	М	S	М	S	S	S	S		

#### UNIT I

**CMOS TECHNOLOGY:** MOS TRANSISTOR – Switches – CMOS Logics – Inverter – Combinational logic – NAND gate – NOR gate Compound gates – Multiplexer – Physical design of NAND, NOR gates –SI semiconductor technology overview – wafer processing – oxidation – epitaxy deposition – Ion Implantation – Diffusion – SI gate insulator process – CMOS technology - n-well process – p well process – Twin-Tub process – silicon on insulator–CMOS process enhancements

#### **UNIT II:**

**INTRODUCTION OF VHDL:** History of VHDL – capabilities of VHDL – hardware abstraction – basic terminology –entity declaration - architecture body declaration – Basic language elements –identifiers – Data objects– Data type operators.

#### UNIT III:

**MODELING TECHNIQUES OF VHDL:** Behavioral modeling: Entity declaration – architecture declaration – process statements- variable assignment statements – signal assignments statements – Wait statement – IF statement – Case statement – Null statement – Loop statement – Exit statement – Next statement – Assertion statement – Report statements –More on signal assignment statement – multiple process – postponed process – Data flow style of modeling

#### UNIT IV

VHDL STATEMENTS: Concurrent signal assignment statement versus signal assignment – Delta delay revisited – Multiple drivers – Conditional signal assignment statement – Selected signal assignment statement – The unaffected value – Block statement-Concurrent

assertion statement – Value of the signal. Structural modeling: Component declaration – Component instantiation – Resolving signal value – examples – Half adder – Full adder – Four to one multiplexer – Decoders and encoders.

#### UNIT V:

ADVANCED FEATURES IN VHDL: Generics – configuration – configuration specification – Configuration declaration –Default rules – Conversion functions – Direct instantiation – Incremental binding -Sub programs – Sub program overloading - operator overloading - signatures – default value of parameters –package declaration - package body – design file – design libraries – order of analysis – implicit Visibility – explicit visibility – attributes in VHDL.

#### **TEXT BOOKS:**

1.Neil H.E. West Kamaran Eshraghin, "PRINCIPLES OF CMOS VLSI DESIGN" 2.J.Bhasker, "VHDL PRIMER", Low price Edition, 2001 PHI 3.Charles H.Roth, and Jr. DIGITAL SYSTEM DESIGN USING VHDL, Brooks/Cole Thomson Learning PWS Publishing, ISBN-981-240-052-4

COURSE RESULTS: Students have to realize importance of testability in logic circuit design.

## M.Sc. Electronics and Communication / Semester -IV / Elective-4 A: RF CIRCUIT AND SATELLITE COMMUNICATION

## **OBJECTIVES:**

• To understand the basic RF frequency, filter design, amplifier design and circuit design process.

• To understand the fundamentals of satellite communication system.

CO1	Understand The RF Transceiver Architectures:	K1,K5					
CO2	Analyzing If Rf Filter Design	K2,K5					
CO3	Implementing The Concepts Of Amplifier Design.	K3,K4					
CO4	Analyze The Satellite Communication.	K1,K4,K5					
CO5	Apply And Analyze Satellite Subsystem	K2,K6					
<b>K1</b> - Rem	K1 - Remember; K2 - Understand; K3 - Apply; K4 - Analyze; K5 - Evaluate; K6 - Create						

#### S-Strong; M-Medium; L-Low

Mapp	Mapping with Programme Outcomes										
COs	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	<b>PO7</b>	PO8	<b>PO9</b>	PO10	
CO1	М	М	S	М	S	М	S	S	S	S	
CO2	S	М	S	М	S	М	S	S	S	S	
CO3	S	М	S	М	S	М	S	S	S	S	
CO4	S	М	S	М	S	М	S	S	М	S	
CO5	S	М	S	М	S	Μ	S	S	S	S	

#### UNIT I

**RF TRANSCEIVER ARCHITECTURES:** Receiver front end general design philosophy, Inter modulation, 3rd order intercept point (IP3), Noise Figure, sensitivity, selectivity.

#### UNIT II

**RF FILTER DESIGN**: Ideal and approximate filter types, Transfer function and basic filter concepts, filter design issues, RF filter design.

#### UNIT III

**AMPLIFIER DESIGN**: Stability consideration, Amplifier design for maximum gain, constant gain circles, and constant noise figure circles, Low noise amplifier, RF Power amplifier.

Other RF circuits: Power combiner/divider, directional couplers, hybrid coupler, isolator.

#### UNIT IV

**SATELLITE COMMUNICATION:** Fundamentals: concepts, history, developments. Orbital mechanics and launching: Keplers law, perturbation, orbital effects, types of orbits, launching satellite, launch vehicle technology.

#### UNIT V

**SATELLITE SUBSYSTEM**: Attitude and orbit control, thermal control, Power supply, propulsion, telemetry, tracking and command, transponder and antennas. Satellite link design. Applications of satellites and advances in satellite communication.

## **TEXT AND REFERENCE BOOKS:**

- 1. Analog Communication Kennedy and Davies
- 2. Microwave devices, circuits & Subsystems for Communication Engineering,
- Glover, Pennock, and Shepherd
- 3. RF circuit design, by Chris Bowick
- 4. RF circuit design by R. Ludwig and P.Bretchko
- 5. RF Circuit Design, Reinhold Ludwig, Pavel Bretchko, Pearson
- 6.Satellite communications: Dennis Roddy

**COURSE RESULTS:** The student will be able to understand the RF design and distinguish between the oscillators and amplifiers. Application of satellite communication will also be essential for signals and modern communication system.

#### M.Sc. Electronics and Communication / Semester -IV / Elective-4 B:

### **B: ELECTRIC VEHICLES TECHNOLOGIES**

#### **OBJECTIVES:**

- Choose a suitable drive scheme for developing an electric of hybrid vehicle depending on resources
- Design and develop basic schemes of electric vehicles and hybrid electric vehicles.
- Understanding electric car energy resources
- Experience of electric car storage technology
- Learn the electrical vehicle motors and controls

CO1	To present a comprehensive overview of Electric and Hybrid Electric Vehicle	K1,K5
CO2	To know about the sources of energy for electrical vehicles	K2,K5
CO3	To obtain knowledge on storage techniques on electrical vehicles	K3,K4
CO4	To learn about the propulsion system used in electrical vehicle	K1,K4,K5
CO5	To understand the drive system and characteristics of electrical vehicle	K2,K6
<b>K1</b> - Ren	nember; K2 - Understand; K3 - Apply; K4 - Analyze; K5 - Evaluat	e; <b>K6</b> – Create

#### S-Strong; M-Medium; L-Low

Марр	Mapping with Programme Outcomes												
COs	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	<b>PO7</b>	PO8	PO9	PO10			
CO1	S	М	S	М	S	М	S	S	S	S			
CO2	S	М	S	М	S	М	S	S	S	S			
CO3	S	М	S	М	S	М	S	S	S	S			
CO4	S	М	S	М	S	М	S	S	М	S			
CO5	S	М	S	М	S	М	S	S	S	S			

#### **UNIT-I: INTRODUCTION**

The Electric Vehicle Debate, Primary Energy Sources and Alternative Fuels for Transportation, History of electric Vehicles, Electrochemical Power Sources –Secondary Batteries and Fuel Cells

#### **UNIT – II: SOURCES**

Aqueous Electrolyte Batteries –Lead Acid, Nickel – Iron, Nickel – Zinc, Metal – Air Zinc – Halogen - Non-Aqueous Electrolyte Batteries- High Temperature Batteries, Organo Electrolyte and Solid-State Batteries

#### **UNIT-III: OVERVIEW OF HYBRID ELECTRIC VEHICLES**

Combustion Engine Hybrid Electric Vehicles, Laboratory Test of Electric Vehicle Batteries, Vehicle tests with Electric Vehicle Batteries, Future of Electric Vehicles

# UNIT– IV EV PROPULSION- ELECTRIC MOTOR & REQUIRED POWER ELECTRONICS & CONTROL

Choice of electric propulsion system, block diagram of EV propulsion system, concept of EV Motors, single motor and multi-motor configurations, fixed & variable geared transmission, In wheel motor configuration, classification of EV motors, Electric motors used in current vehicle applications, Recent EV Motors, Comparison of Electric Motors for EV applications - Basics of Microcontroller & Control Strategies

## **UNIT- V EV MOTOR DRIVES**

DC Motor: Type of wound-field DC Motor, Torque speed characteristics DC-DC Converter, Two quadrant DC Chopper, two quadrant zero voltage transition converter-fed dc motor drive, speed control of DC Motor Induction Motor Drive: Three Phase Inverter Based Induction Motor Drive, Speed Control of Induction Motor, FOC, Adaptive Control, Model Reference Adaptive Control (MARS), Sliding mode Control.

## REFERENCEBOOKS

- 1. C.C Chan, K.T Chau: Modern Electric Vehicle Technology, Oxford University Press Inc., NewYork 2001
- 2. Iqbal Hussein, Electric and Hybrid Vehicles: Design Fundamentals, CRC Press, 2003
- 3. Mehrdad Ehsani, Yimi Gao, Sebastian E. Gay, Ali Emadi, Modern Electric, Hybrid Electric and Fuel Cell Vehicles: Fundamentals, Theory and Design, CRC Press, 2004.
- 4. James Larminie, John Lowry, Electric Vehicle Technology Explained, Wiley, 2003.
- 5. Hand Book of Batteries and Fuel cells, 3rd Edition, Edited by David Linden and Thomas. B. Reddy, McGraw Hill Book Company, N.Y. 2002.
- 6. Fuel Cells, Principles and Applications, Viswanathan, B. and Scibioh, Aulice M, Universities Press, 2006.
- 7. The Essential Hybrid Car Handbook: A Buyer's Guide (Paperback)by Nick Yost, The Lyons Press, N.Y. 2006.

COURSE RESULTS: To Be Expert In E- Vehicle And Drives.

#### M.Sc. Electronics and Communication / Semester -IV / Practical -7

#### VLSI AND ANDROID APPLICATION DEVELOPMENT LAB

(ATLEAST 5 EXPERIMENTS IN EACH LABS USING HARDWARE & SOFTWARE)

#### **OBJECTIVES:**

- To learn Hardware Descriptive Language (Verilog/VHDL).
- To learn the fundamental principles of VLSI circuit design in digital and analog domain.
- Have to create a simple Android App (HelloWorld) and be able to manage it within the Android Studio environment Using 8051 microcontroller.

#### Android Lab:

1. Creating an app to display Hello World.

- 2. Creating an Android Simple Login Application.
- 3. Creating Calculator App in Android.
- 4. Creating simple Home Screen Widget inAndroid.
- 5. Creating Android Chat App in Android.
- 6. Creating Simple Android Camera Application.
- 7. Creating Basic List View Demo in Android
- 8. Creating Google Map in Android.

## VHDL Lab:

- 1. Write a program to Verify the Logic Gates
- 2. Write a program for Half Adder and Full Adder
- 3. Write a program for Half Subtractor and Full Subtractor
- 4.Write a program for Encoder
- 5.Write a program for Decoder
- 6.Write a program for Multiplexer
- 7.Write a program for Demultiplexer.

**COURSE RESULTS:** Write VHDL code for basic as well as advanced digital integrated circuits. Students can learn the Android Studio Application environment.

## M.Sc. Electronics and Communication / Semester -IV / Practical -8

## **OBJECT ORIENTED PROGRAMMING USING PYTHON LAB** (ANY 10 USING HARDWARE/SOFTWARE)

## **OBJECTIVES:**

• To acquire programming skills on Object-Oriented Programming concepts in Python

• To get a practical knowledge on interfacing Raspberry Pi with Python.

## **PART I – Basic Programs using Python:**

1.Programs based on data types, Input & Output and Control Statements

2.Programs based on Arrays

3. Programs based on Strings

4. Programs based on Functions

5.Programs based on Lists and Tuples

6.Programs based on Dictionaries

7.Programs based on Classes

8. Programs based on Objects

9. Programs based on Inheritance

10. Programs based on Polymorphism

11. Programs based on Exceptions

12. Programs based on Files

13. Programs based on Regular Expressions

## PART II - Programs for interfacing with Raspberry Pi:

1.Push switch and LED interfacing

- 2.Buzzer interfacing
- 3.Speed control of DC motor
- 4.Direction control of DC motor
- 5.Keypad interfacing
- 6.Measurement of Light
- 7.Measurement of Temperature

8.LCD display interfacing

## **REFERENCE BOOKS:**

1.Core Python Programming – Dr. Nageswara Rao, 2017 edition, Dreamtech Press.

2.Introduction to Computing and Problem-Solving Using Python – E Balaguruswamy,

1e/Mc Graw Hill.

3. Raspberry Pi Cookbook - Simon Monk, 1e/ O'ReillyMedia, Inc.

4. <u>https://learn.sparkfun.com/tutorials/python-programming-tutorial-getting-started-with-the-raspberry-pi/all</u>

**COURSE RESULTS:** Students can learn Python scripting elements and discover how to work with scripts, variables, lists, control flow structures, sequence data and so on. They can learn Python language interfaced with Raspberry Pi kit.

# M.Sc. Electronics and Communication / Semester -IV / Core project – 1 PROJECT WORK: INT:100, EXT:100 MARKS, TOTAL:200 MARKS.

The objective of the project work is to motivate the students for doing research and to inculcate in them the self-confidence to work independently. each student should do an individual project and they can freely choose their own topic of experimental nature. The project should be of investigative type not a hobby project. Students are encouraged to take the project work as a challenge so that their project willboost up their industrial career. Periodic Seminars should be conducted to assess the students. The students should present the progress of the project to their respective guides and get the required assistance from them. The students will submit Project Report in the form of Dissertation which will beexamined by the examiners.

The examination shall consist of

i) Evaluation of the Dissertation copy and

ii) Comprehensive Viva-voceexamination

#### NANO-ELECTRONICS

#### **OBJECTIVES:**

• Students need to understand about "NANO" and their requirements of modern society ina focused area to solve the all-world problems.

CO1	Relate technology changes from semiconductor devices in	K2,K5					
	silicon technology.						
CO2	Understanding Nano tube for memory applications	K2,K5					
CO3	apply various technology quantum electronic devices.	K3,K4					
CO4	An analyze the Single electron devices for logic applications	K1,K4,K5					
CO5	CO5 Apply NANO-BIO DEVICES concepts for device fabrication K2,K6						
<b>K1</b> - Rem	nember; <b>K2</b> - Understand; <b>K3</b> - Apply; <b>K4</b> - Analyze; <b>K5</b> - Evaluate	e; <b>K6</b> – Create					

## UNIT I

**INTRODUCTION:** Region of nanostructures, scaling of devices in silicon technology, estimation of technology limits, Uncertainty principle, Experiments on duality, Schrodinger's equation and its applications to square well potential, square potential barrier (1D). Infinite array of potential wells, Barrier penetration, applications to tunnel diode, Josephson effect, Perturbation theory and its applications, Scattering. Binomial and related distributions, Phase space, Statistical ensembles, applications of classical statistical mechanics, Quantum statistics, Brownian motion, Random walk problem.

#### **UNIT II**

**CARBON NANOTUBES:** Carbon Nanotube: Fullerenes - types of nanotubes – formation of nanotubes – assemblies – purification of carbon nanotubes – electronic properties – synthesis of carbon nanotubes – carbon nanotube interconnects – carbon nanotube FETs – Nano tube for memory applications – prospects of carbon nanotube nano electronics.

#### UNIT III

**QUANTUM ELECTRONIC DEVICES:** Concept of Chemical potential, partition function and its applications in computing thermodynamic quantities. Quantum electronic devices, electrons in mesoscopic structures, short channel MOSFET, split-gate transistor, electron wave transistor, electron spin transistor, quantum cellular automata

## UNIT IV

**QUANTUM BASED RTDS:** Quantum transport devices based on resonant tunnelling: -Electron tunnelling – resonant tunnelling diodes (RTDs)- three terminal RTDS, RTD based memory, Single electron devices for logic applications: - Single electron devices – applications of single electron devices to logic circuits. UNIT V

**NANO-BIO DEVICES:** Bioelectronics, molecular processor, DNA analyzer as biochip, Molecular electronics, Fullerenes, nanotubes, switches based on Fullerenes and nanotubes, basic logic gates and dynamic logic gates, principle of single electron transistor, Coulomb blockade.

## **TEXT AND REFERENCE BOOKS:**

1.Nanoelectronics and Nano systems: K.Goser, P. Glosekotter, J. Dienstuhl, Springer (2005)2.Quantum Mechanics: Schiff L.I.

3. Fundamentals of Statistical Mechanics and Thermal Physics: Reif

4. Michael Wilson, Kamali Kannangara, Geoff Smith, Michelle Simmons and Burkhard Raguse, Nanotechnology: Basic Science and Emerging Technologies, Chapman & Hall/CRC, 2002

5. T.Pradeep, NANO: The Essentials – Understanding Nanoscience and Nanotechnology, TMH, 2007

6. Rainer Waser (Ed.), Nanoelectronics and Information Technology: Advanced Electronic Materials and Novel Devices, Wiley-VCH, 2003

**COURSE RESULTS:** Students must be capable of addressing problems that require interdisciplinary skills.

6

69

#### M.Sc. Electronics and Communication / Extension Activity:

## HUMAN RIGHTS

#### **OBJECTIVES:** To understand the fundamental rights of Human rights

Course Outcomes	On completion of this course, students will / can;	
CO1	Understand the basic facets of human rights	K4, K6, K1
CO2	Comprehend the Constitutional provisions of human rights in India	K1, K2
CO3	Grasp the rights of the marginalized and other disadvantaged people in India	K4, K5
CO4	Know the historical background of the various human rights movement in India.	K6
CO5	Understand the redressal mechanism of the human rights violations	K3, K6
K1 - Remembe	r; <b>K2</b> - Understand; <b>K3</b> - Apply; <b>K4</b> - Analyze; <b>K5</b> - Evaluate	; <b>K6</b> – Create

S-Strong; M-Medium; L-Low

## Mapping with Programme Outcomes:

	<b>PO 1</b>	<b>PO 2</b>	<b>PO 3</b>	<b>PO 4</b>	<b>PO 5</b>	<b>PO 6</b>	<b>PO 7</b>	<b>PO 8</b>	<b>PO 9</b>	PO 10
CO 1	S	S	S	S	М	S	S	S	S	S
CO 2	S	S	S	S	S	S	М	S	S	S
CO 3	S	М	S	S	S	S	S	S	S	S
CO 4	М	S	S	S	S	S	S	М	S	S
CO 5	S	S	S	S	М	S	М	S	S	S

## UNIT 1:

**Introduction**: Meaning and Definitions of Human Rights – Characteristics and Importance of Human Rights – Evolution of Human Rights – Formation, Structure and Functions of the UNO - Universal Declaration of Human Rights – International Covenants– Violations of Human Rights in the Contemporary Era.

## UNIT II:

**Human Rights in India**: Development of Human Rights in India – Constituent Assembly and Indian Constitution – Fundamental Rights and its Classification – Directive Principles of State Policy – Fundamental Duties.

## UNIT III:

**Rights of Marginalized and other Disadvantaged People**: Rights of Women – Rights of Children – Rights of Differently Abled – Rights of Elderly - Rights of Scheduled Castes – Rights of Scheduled Tribes – Rights of Minorities – Rights of Persons Living with HIVAIDS – Rights of LGBT.

## UNIT IV:

**Human Rights Movements**: Peasant Movements(Tebhaga and Telangana) – Scheduled Caste Movements (Mahar and Ad-Dharmi) – Scheduled Tribes Movements (Santhal and Munda) – Environmental Movements (Chipko and Narmada Bachao Andolan) – Social Reform Movements (Vaikom and Self Respect).

## UNIT V:

**Redressal Mechanisms**: Protection of Human Rights Act, 1993 (Amendment 2019) – Structure and Functions of National and State Human Rights Commissions – National Commission for SCs – National Commission for STs – National Commission for Women – National Commission for Minorities – Characteristics and Objectives of Human Rights Education.

## **Text Books:**

- 1. Dr. S. Mehartaj Begum, Human Rights in India: Issues and perspectives, APH Publishing Corporation, New Delhi, 2010.
- 2. Asha Kiran, The History of Human Rights, Mangalam Publications, Delhi, 2011.
- 3. Bani Borgohain, Human Rights, Kanishka Publishers & Distributors, New Delhi-2, 2007.
- 4. Jayant Chudhary, A Textbook of Human Rights, Wisdom Press, New Delhi, 2011.
- 5. Anju Soni, Human Rights in India, Venus Publication, New Delhi, 2019.

## **References Books:**

- 1. Sudarshanam Gankidi, Human Rights in India: Prospective and Retrospective, Rawat Publications, Jaipur, 2019.
- 2. Satvinder Juss, Human Rights in India, Routledge, New Delhi, 2020.
- 3. Namita Gupta, Social Justice and Human Rights in India, Rawat Publications, Jaipur, 2021.
- 4. Mark Frezo, The Sociology of Human Rights, John Willy & Sons, U.K.2014.
- 5. Chiranjivi J. Nirmal, Human Rights in India: Historical, Social and PoliticalPerspectives, Oxford University Press, New York, 2000.

#### Web resources:

- 1. www.un.org/rights/HRToday
- 2. www.amnesty.org
- 3. <u>www.hrweb.org</u>
- 4. https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=vDizUvyQTuo
- 5. https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=WJsUfck01Js

**COURSE RESULTS:** The outcome of the students can understand the theoretical knowledge of human rights movements and its mechanism.